PLAN DOCUMENT AND SUMMARY PLAN DESCRIPTION FOR

ROCKY MOUNTAIN COLLEGE HEALTH PLAN

HIGH DEDUCTIBLE HEALTH PLAN

EFFECTIVE: JULY 1, 2017

RESTATED: JULY 1, 2021

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INTRODUCTION

This document is a description of the Rocky Mountain College Health Plan (the Plan).

No oral interpretations can change this Plan. The Plan described is designed to protect Plan Participants against certain catastrophic health expenses. *This Plan is intended to be a qualifying High Deductible Health Plan (HDHP)*.

Where a court order, administrative order, judgement, new or changed law or regulation applies to the provisions of this Plan, the Plan will be deemed to have been automatically amended (without further action on the part of the Plan Administrator), to ensure that the Plan conforms to such change. For example, where Plan provisions involve stated maximums, exclusions or limitations, and the change would cause the Plan Administrator to provide greater benefits than what would have been available prior to the change, payment of the greater benefit will be considered to have been made in accordance with the terms of this Plan. For the avoidance of doubt, it is the intent of the Plan Administrator that the Plan conform at all times to the requirements of any and all controlling law, including by way of example and not exclusion, the Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974, as a mended.

The Employer fully intends to maintain this Plan indefinitely. However, it reserves the right to terminate, suspend, discontinue or amend the Plan at any time and for any reason.

Changes in the Plan may occur in any or all parts of the Plan including benefit coverage, deductibles, maximums, exclusions, limitations, definitions, eligibility and the like.

Failure to follow the eligibility or enrollment requirements of this Plan may result in delay of coverage or no coverage at all. Reimbursement from the Plan can be reduced or denied because of certain provisions in the Plan, such as coordination of benefits, subrogation, exclusions, timeliness of COBRA elections, utilization review or other cost management requirements, lack of Medical Necessity, lack of timely filing of claims or lack of coverage.

The Plan will pay benefits only for the expenses incurred while this coverage is in force. No benefits are payable for expenses incurred before coverage began or after coverage terminated. An expense for a service or supply is incurred on the date the service or supply is furnished.

No action at law or in equity shall be brought to recover under any section of this Plan until the appeal rights provided have been exercised and the Plan benefits requested in such appeals have been denied in whole or in part.

A Plan Participant may not assign or transfer any benefits or rights that arise under the Plan or applicable law to any other person, including a healthcare provider, and any purported assignment or transfer is void. This includes (but is not limited to) an attempted assignment or transfer of claims for payment of benefits, breach of fiduciary duty, penalties or any other claim or remedy. For convenience, the Plan may pay any undisputed benefit directly to the healthcare provider, but this is not a waiver of this anti-assignment provision and does not make the healthcare provider an assignee or confer any other rights on the provider. Similarly, the Plan recognizes an authorized representative for purposes of the Plan's claims and appeal procedures, but the authorized representative is not an assignee and has no derivative rights with respect to the claim. However, this anti-assignment provision will not apply (1) to an assignment of a Plan Participant's rights to the Plan or the Plan Administrator, or (2) to the extent required under Medicaid laws.

Before filing a lawsuit, the Plan Participant must exhaust all available levels of review as described in the Internal and External Claims Review Procedures section, unless an exception under applicable law applies. A legal action to obtain benefits must be commenced within one year of the date of the Notice of Determination on the final level of review.

The Claims Administrator utilizes Aetna's Clinical Policy Bulletins (CPBs) to determine whether services and procedures are considered Medically Necessary and Experimental and/or Investigational under the Plan. The CPBs are based on peer-reviewed, published medical journals, a review of available studies on a particular topic, evidence-based consensus statements, expert opinions of health care professionals and guidelines from nationally recognized health care organizations. These CPBs are reviewed on a regular basis based upon a review of currently available clinical information.

This Plan complies with the Newborn's and Mother's Health Protection Act, Women's Health and Cancer Rights Act, Genetic Information Nondiscrimination Act and Mental Health Parity and Addiction Equity Act of 2008.

Non-Grandfathered Health Plan. This Plan is a "non-grandfathered health plan" under the Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act (the Affordable Care Act). As required by the Affordable Care Act, a non-grandfathered health plan must include certain consumer protections. Questions regarding which protections apply to a non-grandfathered health plan may be directed to the Plan Administrator. You may also contact the Employee Benefits Security Administration, U.S. Department of Labor at (866) 444-3272 or the U.S. Department of Health and Human Services at www.healthcare.gov. This website has a table summarizing which protections apply to a non-grandfathered health plan.

If the Plan is terminated, amended, or benefits are eliminated, the rights of Covered Persons are limited to Covered Charges incurred before termination, amendment or elimination.

To provide Notice of Privacy Practices upon request of the Covered Person. Notices can also be obtained through contacting Employee Benefit Management Services, LLC at (800) 777-3575.

This document summarizes the Plan rights and benefits for covered Employees and their Dependents and is divided into the following parts:

Schedule of Benefits. Provides an outline of the Plan reimbursement formulas as well as payment limits on certain services.

Eligibility, Funding, Effective Date and Termination. Explains eligibility for coverage under the Plan, funding of the Plan and when the coverage takes effect and terminates.

Covered Charges. Explains when the benefit applies and the types of charges covered.

Care Management Services. Explains the methods used to curb unnecessary and excessive charges.

Defined Terms. Defines those Plan terms that have a specific meaning.

Plan Exclusions. Shows what charges are not covered.

How to Submit a Claim. Explains the rules for filing claims and the claim appeal process.

Coordination of Benefits. Shows the Plan payment order when a person is covered under more than one plan.

Third Party Recovery Provision. Explains the Plan's rights to recover payment of charges when a Plan Participant has a claim against another person because of Injuries sustained.

COBRA Continuation Coverage. Explains when a person's coverage under the Plan ceases and the continuation options which are available.

ERISA Information. Explains the Plan's structure and the Plan Participants' rights under the Plan.

SCHEDULE OF BENEFITS

MEDICAL BENEFITS

All benefits described in this Schedule are subject to the exclusions and limitations described more fully herein including, but not limited to, the Plan Administrator's determination that: care and treatment is Medically Necessary; that charges are reasonable and customary (as defined as an Allowable Charge); that services, supplies and care are not Experimental and/or Investigational. The meanings of these capitalized terms are in the Defined Terms section of this document.

The Plan reserves the right to review bills and identify charges that are not Medically Necessary and/or exceed the Allowable Charge amount.

This document is intended to describe the benefits provided under the Plan but, due to the number and wide variety of different medical procedures and rapid changes in treatment standards, it is impossible to describe all covered benefits and/or exclusions with specificity. Please contact the Plan Administrator if you have questions regarding specific supplies, treatments or procedures.

Pre-notification of certain services is strongly recommended, but not required by the Plan. Pre-notification provides information regarding coverage before the Covered Person receives treatment, services and/or supplies. A benefit determination on a Claim will be made only after the Claim has been submitted. A pre-notification of services by CareLink is not a determination by the Plan that a Claim will be paid. All Claims are subject to the terms and conditions, limitations and exclusions of the Plan in effect at the time services are provided. A pre-notification is not required as a condition precedent to paying benefits, and can only be appealed under the procedures in the Care Management Services section. A pre-notification cannot be appealed under the Plan's Internal and External Claims Review Procedures.

PROVIDER INFORMATION

This Plan has entered into an agreement with certain Hospitals, Physicians and other health care providers, which are called Participating Providers. These Participating Providers have agreed to charge reduced fees to persons covered under the Plan. It is the Covered Person's choice as to which Provider to use. The Covered Person is not responsible for payment of any charges denied as a result of a medical bill review or medical chart audit and should not be balance billed for the difference between billed charges and the amount determined to be payable by the Plan Administrator.

To access a list of Participating Providers, please refer to the Network website and/or toll free number listed on the **Rocky Mountain College Health Plan identification card**. Prior to receiving medical care services, the Covered Person should confirm with the provider and the Participating Provider Organization (PPO) that the provider is a participant in this organization.

Covered Charges from providers within the following zip codes will be paid at the Participating Provider level:

- 90904
- 90505
- 90275
- 90277

HIGH DEDUCTIBLE HEALTH PLAN

A qualified High Deductible Health Plan (HDHP) with a Health Savings Account (HSA) provides coverage for high cost medical events and, in a tax-advantaged way, to help build savings for future medical expenses. The Plan gives a covered Employee greater control over how health care benefits are used. An HDHP satisfies certain statutory requirements with respect to minimum deductibles and maximum out-of-pocket expenses for single and family coverage. These minimum deductibles and limits for out-of-pocket expenses are set forth by the U.S. Department of Treasury and will be indexed for inflation in the future.

Only those Employees covered under a qualified HDHP are eligible to contribute to an HSA.

If a Covered Person has coverage under this Plan and another plan, the other plan would also need to be a qualified HDHP in order for the Covered Person to contribute to an HSA.

DEDUCTIBLES AND COINSURANCE PAYABLE BY PLAN PARTICIPANTS

Deductibles and Coinsurance are dollar amounts that the Covered Person must pay before the Plan pays.

A **deductible** is an amount of money that is paid once a Calendar Year per Covered Person. Typically, there is one deductible amount per Plan and it must be paid before any money is paid by the Plan for any Covered Charges (except for Covered Charges that are not subject to the deductible).

Each **January 1st**, a new deductible amount is required. Prescription copayments will apply to the medical deductible

The deductible will apply to the maximum out-of-pocket amount.

Embedded Deductible: This Plan has an "embedded" deductible, which means a covered family member only needs to satisfy his or her individual deductible, not the entire family deductible, prior to the Plan paying benefits for that individual.

However, the deductible amount for all members of that Family Unit will only be satisfied when the family deductible has been met for that Calendar Year or each individual member has satisfied his/her individual deductible amount.

Coinsurance is the percentage amount remaining after the Plan pays the reimbursement rate as shown in the Schedule of Benefits and is payable by the Plan Participant until the maximum out-of-pocket amount, as shown in the Schedule of Benefits is reached. Coinsurance *does not* apply to the deductible and *does not* include copayment amounts.

Once the Plan has made the applicable benefit payment as shown in the Schedule of Benefits, the remaining percentage owed is the Plan Participant's "coinsurance" responsibility. For example, if the Plan's reimbursement rate is 100%, the Plan Participant's responsibility (or coinsurance) is 0%.

MAXIMUM OUT-OF-POCKET AMOUNT PAYABLE BY PLAN PARTICIPANTS

Covered Charges are payable by the Plan at the percentages shown each Calendar Year until the maximum out-of-pocket amount shown in the Schedule of Benefits is reached. Then, Covered Charges incurred by a Plan Participant will be payable at 100% (except for any charges which do not apply to the maximum out-of-pocket amount) for the rest of the Calendar Year.

When a Family Unit reaches the maximum out-of-pocket amount, Covered Charges for that Family Unit will be payable at 100% (except for any charges which do not apply to the maximum out-of-pocket amount) for the rest of the Calendar Year.

MEDICAL BENEFITS SCHEDULE

PARTICIPATING NON-PARTICIPATING PROVIDERS PROVIDERS

Claims should be received by the Claims Administrator within 365 days from the date charges for the services were incurred. Benefits are based on the Plan's provisions in effect at the time the charges were incurred. Claims received later than that date will be denied.

The Plan Participant must provide sufficient documentation (as determined by the Claims Administrator) to support a Claim for benefits. The Plan reserves the right to have a Plan Participant seek a second medical opinion.

DEDUCTIBLE, PER CALENI	DAR YEAR
Per Covered Person	\$2,800
Per Family Unit	\$5,400

Embedded Deductible: This Plan has an "embedded" deductible which means a covered family member only needs to satisfy his or her individual deductible, not the entire family deductible, prior to the Plan paying benefits for that individual.

However, the deductible amount for all members of that Family Unit will only be satisfied when the family deductible has been met for that Calendar Year.

MAXIMUM OUT-OF-POCKE	T AMOUNT, PER CALENDAR YEAR
Per Covered Person	\$2,800
Per Family Unit	\$5,400

The Plan will pay the designated percentage of Covered Charges until out-of-pocket amounts are reached, at which time the Plan will pay 100% of the remainder of Covered Charges for the rest of the Calendar Year. The following charges do not apply toward the maximum out-of-pocket amount and are never paid at 100%:

• Amounts over the Allowable Charge

COVERED CHARGES Note: The maximums listed below are the total for Participating and Non-Participating Provider expenses. For example, if a maximum of 60 days is listed twice under a service, the Calendar Year maximum is 60 days total which may be split between Participating and Non-Participating Providers.

Hospital Services	
Room and Board	100% a fter deductible
	the semiprivate room rate
Intensive Care Unit	100% a fter deductible
	Hospital's ICU Charge
Outpatient Hospital Services /	100% a fter deductible
Outpatient Surgical Center	
Emergency Room Visit	100% a fter deductible
Skilled Nursing Facility	100% a fter deductible
	the semiprivate room rate
	Limited to 60 days per Calendar Year
Urgent Care Services	100% after deductible
Ambulance Service	100% after deductible
Physician Services	
Inpatient visits	100% after deductible
Office visits	100% after deductible
Surgery	100% after deductible
Allergy injections, testing and	100% after deductible
serum	
TelaDoc	100% no deductible applies

	PARTICIPATING PROVIDERS	NON-PARTICIPATING PROVIDERS
Note: Refer to the Covered Char	ges section for more information re	
	100% a fter	
Acupuncture		
Applied Behavioral Analysis –	Limited to 12 visits per Calendar Year 100% after deductible	
Limited to Covered Persons	100% after deductible	
under 19 years		
Chemotherapy and Radiation	100% after deductible	
Treatment	1007041161	deduction
Wig After Chemotherapy or	100% a fter	deductible
Radiation Treatment	\$500 Lifetim	
Diagnostic Testing (X-ray &	100% after	
Lab)		
Imaging Services (MRI,	100% after	deductible
CT/PET Scans, etc.)		
Durable Medical Equipment,	100% a fter	. d . d.,
Prosthetics, and Orthotics	100% after	rdeductible
	e Covered Person requires immedia	
	ll be covered through ConnectDM	E. Refer to the Covered Charges
section for more information.		
Home Health Care	100% after	
		s per Calendar Year
Home Infusion Therapy	100% after	
Hospice Care	100% a fter	
Infertility	100% after	
N. A. D. C. A. J. C. 1.Cl	Limited to \$10,000	
	ges section formore information reg	garding Infertility benefits.
Rehabilitation Services	1000/ 6	1 1 411
Inpatient	100% after	deductible
Outpatient (includes	100% a fter	deductible
Occupational, Physical, and	10070 arter	deduction
Speech therapy)		
Spinal Manipulation	100% after	deductible
Chiropractic Services	Limited to 10 visits	
Mental Disorders and Substanc		per carendar rear
Inpatient Services	100% a fter	deductible
Outpatient Services	100% a fter	
Organ Transplants	10070 41101	
Center of Excellence facility	Payable per norm	al Plan provisions
Non Centers of Exellence	Not co	overed
Facilities		
Note: Refer to the Covered Char	ges section for more information re	garding organ transplants.
Pregnancy		r deductible
Routine prenatal office visits	100%.no	deductible
1	If global ma	
	40% of Covered Charges will be	
	thereafter 100%	
Note: Refer to the Coverage o	f Pregnancy benefit listed in the Co	
information regarding routine p		-

	PARTICIPATING PROVIDERS	NON-PARTICIPATING PROVIDERS
Routine Well Newborn	100% a fter deductible	
Nursery Care (while Hospital confined at birth)		
Preventive Care		
Routine Well Care (birth through adult)	100% no dedu	actible applies

Routine Well Care Services will be subject to age and developmentally appropriate frequency limitations as determined by the U.S. Preventive Services Task Force (USPSTF) *unless otherwise* specifically stated in this Schedule of Benefits, and which can be located using the following website:

http://www.uspreventiveservicestaskforce.org/Page/Name/uspstf-a-and-b-recommendations/

Routine Well Care Services will include, but will not be limited to, the following routine services:

Office visits, routine physical exams, prostate screening, routine lab and x-ray services, all immunizations, routine colonoscopy/flexible sigmoidoscopy, and routine well child care examinations.

Note: If applicable, this Plan may comply with a state vaccine assessment program.

Women's Preventive Services will be subject to age and developmentally appropriate frequency limitations as determined by the U.S. Preventive Services Task Force (USPSTF) and Health Resources and Services Administration (HRSA), *unless otherwise specifically stated in this Schedule of Benefits*, and which can be located using the following websites:

http://www.uspreventiveservicestaskforce.org/Page/Name/uspstf-a-and-b-recommendations/; and http://www.hrsa.gov/womens-guidelines

<u>Women's Preventive Services, will include, but will not be limited to, the following</u> routine services:

Office visits, well-women visits, mammogram, gynecological exam, Pap smear, counseling for sexually transmitted infections, human papillomavirus (HPV) testing, counseling and screening for human immune-deficiency virus (HIV), interpersonal and domestic violence, contraceptive methods and counseling as prescribed, sterilization procedures, patient education and counseling for all women with reproductive capacity (this does not include birthing classes), preconception, screening for gestational diabetes in pregnant women, breastfeeding support, supplies, and counseling in conjunction with each birth.

Diabetic Education	100%, no deductible applies 4 visits Calendar Year maximum	
Nutritional Education	100%, no deductible applies	
Counseling	4 visits Calendar Year maximum	
Note: Refer to the Nutritional Education Counseling benefit in the Covered Charges section for more information on Nutritional Education.		
Obesity Interventions for Covered Persons age 18 and older with a body mass index (BMI) of 30 kg/m ² or higher	100%, no deductible applies 26 visits Calendar Year maximum	
Note: Refer to the Obesity Into on Obesity Interventions.	rervention benefit in the Covered Charges section for more information	

	PARTICIPATING PROVIDERS	NON-PARTICIPATING PROVIDERS	
Tobacco/Nicotine Cessation	100%, no deductible applies		
Counseling	4 visits Calendar Year maximum		
Renal Dialysis Services	100% a fter deductible		
Note: Please see the COVERED CHARGES section for additional information regarding this benefit.			
All Other Covered Charges	100% after deductible		

July 1, 2021

PRESCRIPTION DRUG BENEFIT SCHEDULE

Prescription drug copayments apply to the medical deductible.

Retail Pharmacy and Mail Order Pharmacy -

Copayment per prescription – Up to a 90-day supply

Generic drugs	100% after medical deductible
Formulary Brand Name drugs	100% after medical deductible
Non-Formulary Brand Name drugs	100% after medical deductible

Retail Pharmacy - Expanded Preventive Drug List

Copayment per prescription - 30-day supply

Generic drugs	. \$7 copayment, no deductible applies
Formulary Brand Name drugs	\$30 copayment, no deductible applies
Non-Formulary Brand Name drugs	30% copayment up to \$200 maximum, no deductible applies

Mail Order Pharmacy - Expanded Preventive Drug List

Copayment per prescription – 31 to 90-day supply

Generic drugs	\$14 copayment, no deductible applies
Formulary Brand Name drugs	\$60 copayment, no deductible applies
Non-Formulary Brand Name drugs	30% copayment up to \$400 maximum, no deductible applies

Mandatory Specialty Pharmacy Program

Copayment per prescription - limited to a 30-day supply

Specialty Medications	1009	% after medical	deductible
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Coverage for certain medications is only applicable if patient advocacy program fails to provide solution. Advocacy solutions come from a variety of sources, including manufacturer assistance programs, copay cards, grants, and mail order pharmacies. The Plan may also allow for a 60-day grace period for urgent medications to allow time to complete the advocacy process. Prior authorization is required on all specialty medications.

Additionally, as part of the advocacy program, the Plan maximizes specialty copay assistance. As part of this process certain specialty Pharmacy drugs are considered non-essential health benefits under the plan and the cost of such drugs will not be applied toward satisfying the participant's maximum out-of-pocket amount. For a list of medications included in the specialty assistance program please contact SmithRx member services. Although the cost of the program drugs will not be applied towards satisfying a Plan Participant's maximum out-of-pocket amount, the cost of the program drugs will be reimbursed by the manufacturer at no cost to the Plan Participant; and copayments for certain specialty medications may be set to the max of the current Plan design or any available manufacturer-funded copay assistance.

Note: If a Covered Person requests either a Formulary Brand Name drug or a Non-Formulary Brand Name drug instead of a Generic Drug and the prescribing Physician has not specified a Brand Name drug or has not indicated that a Brand Name drug is necessary, then the Covered Person will be responsible for the difference in cost between a Generic Drug and the Formulary Brand Name drug or Non-Formulary Brand Name drug in addition to the any applicable copayment or coinsurance amount as stated above.

Additional information regarding the Prescription Drug Benefit may be found in the separate Prescription Drug Benefits section of this document.

ELIGIBILITY, FUNDING, EFFECTIVE DATE AND TERMINATION PROVISIONS

A Plan Participant should contact the Claims Administrator to obtain a dditional information, free of charge, about Plan coverage of a specific benefit, particular drug, treatment, test or any other aspect of Plan benefits or requirements.

ELIGIBILITY

Eligible Classes of Employees. All Active Employees of the Employer.

Eligibility Requirements for Employee Coverage. A person is eligible for Employee coverage from the first day that he or she:

(1) Is a Full-Time, Active Employee of the Employer. An Employee is considered to be Full-Time if he or she normally works at least **20 hours** per week and is on the regular payroll of the Employer for that work.

The Employer has elected to use the monthly measurement method for all of its Employees to determine Full-Time status. An Employee must average or be expected to average at least 20 hours of service each week to become eligible for coverage. An Employee's initial measurement period begins the first day of the calendar month following the date of hire. To remain eligible for coverage, the Employee must average at least 20 hours of service each week.

For more information on benefit measurement periods, contact the Employer's Human Resources Department.

Time accrued for benefits will not be suspended due to the following:

- Jury Duty leave
- Bereavement leave
- Paid Holidays
- Sick Leave
- Vacation Leave
- (2) Is in an eligible class.

Note: The Plan intends to comply with the requirements of the Americans with Disabilities Act and the Plan will consider providing leave to full-time or part-time employees with a qualified disability as a reasonable accommodation if that employee requires it, so long as the request does not create an undue hardship for the employer. Benefits and accrual for benefits calculations will not be suspended during an ADA leave.

Eligible Classes of Dependents. A Dependent is any one of the following persons:

(1) A covered **Employee's Spouse, Domestic Partner** and **children** from birth to the limiting age of 26 years. When a child reaches the limiting age, coverage will end on the last day of the child's birthday month.

The term "Spouse" shall mean an individual of the *opposite sex or same sex* recognized as the covered Employee's husband or wife by the laws of the state in which the marriage was formalized, including common-law marriage.

The term "Spouse" shall also mean an individual of the opposite or same sex who is currently registered with the Employer as the Domestic Partner of the Employee. To obtain more detailed information or to apply for this benefit, the covered Employee must contact the Plan Administrator. In the event the Domestic Partnership is terminated, either partner is required to inform the Plan Administrator of the

termination of the partnership. The Plan Administrator may require documentation proving a legal marital and/or Domestic Partner relationship.

Please be advised, the definition of "Dependent" may not be the same definition as established by the Internal Revenue Code (IRC) for individuals that the covered Employee is permitted to pay qualified medical expenses from a Health Savings Account (HSA), or individuals that can be enrolled as an eligible Dependent for tax-free benefits (i.e. Domestic Partner or non-IRC Section 152 Dependent).

There may be tax implications for the Employee if he or she enrolls certain eligible Dependent(s) such as a Domestic Partner that is not recognized as the Employee's Spouse by the laws of the state in which the marriage was formalized. The Employee should consult his or her tax advisor with any questions on the tax consequences of benefits for his or her eligible Dependent(s).

The term "children" shall include the covered Employee's natural children, a dopted children, children placed with a covered Employee in anticipation of a doption, step-children, or Foster Children. Children of the Employee's Domestic Partner may also be included as long as the natural parent remains in a Domestic Partner relationship with the Employee and resides in the Employee's household.

If a covered Employee is the **Legal Guardian** of a child or children, these children may be enrolled in this Plan as covered Dependents.

The phrase "child placed with a covered Employee in anticipation of adoption" refers to a child whom the Employee intends to adopt, whether or not the adoption has become final, who has not attained the age of 18 as of the date of such placement for adoption. The term "placed" means the assumption and retention by such Employee of a legal obligation for total or partial support of the child in anticipation of adoption of the child. The child must be available for adoption and the legal process must have commenced.

Any child of a Plan Participant who is an alternate recipient under a **Qualified Medical Child Support Order (QMCSO)** shall be considered as having a right to Dependent coverage under this Plan. A participant of this Plan may obtain, without charge, a copy of the procedures governing QMCSO determinations from the Plan Administrator.

The Plan Administrator may require documentation proving dependency, including birth certificates or initiation of legal proceedings severing parental rights.

(2) A covered Dependent child who reaches the limiting age and is **Totally Disabled**, incapable of self-sustaining employment by reason of mental or physical handicap, primarily dependent upon the covered Employee, for support and maintenance and unmarried. The Plan Administrator may require, at reasonable intervals during the two years following the Dependent's reaching the limiting age, subsequent proof of the child's Total Disability and dependency.

After such two-year period, the Plan Administrator may require subsequent proof not more than once each year. The Plan Administrator reserves the right to have such Dependent examined by a Physician of the Plan Administrator's choice, at the Plan's expense, to determine the existence of such incapacity.

These persons are excluded as Dependents: other individuals living in the covered Employee's home, but who are not eligible as defined; the legally separated or divorced former Spouse of the Employee; any former Domestic Partner of the Employee, or any person who is covered under the Plan as an Employee.

If both mother and father are Employees, their children will be covered as Dependents of the mother or father, but not of both.

Eligibility Requirements for Dependent Coverage. A family member of an Employee will become eligible for Dependent coverage on the first day that the Employee is eligible for Employee coverage and the family member satisfies the requirements for Dependent coverage.

At any time, the Plan may require proof that a Spouse or a child qualifies or continues to qualify as a Dependent as defined by this Plan.

FUNDING

Cost of the Plan. Rocky Mountain College shares the cost of Employee and Dependent coverage under this Plan with the covered Employees. The enrollment application for coverage will include a payroll deduction authorization. This authorization must be completed in a manner set forth by the Plan Administrator.

The level of any Employee contributions is set by the Plan Administrator. The Plan Administrator reserves the right to change the level of Employee contributions.

ENROLLMENT

Enrollment Requirements. An Employee must enroll for coverage by filling out and signing an enrollment application along with the appropriate payroll deduction authorization. If Dependent coverage is desired, the covered Employee will be required to enroll the Dependent(s).

Enrollment Requirements for Newborn Children. A newborn child will be automatically enrolled in this Plan for the first 31 days from the date of birth. In order to continue coverage beyond the first 31 days, the newborn must be enrolled in this Plan on a timely basis, as defined in the section "Timely Enrollment" following this section, or there will be no further payment from the Plan and the parents will be responsible for all costs.

TIMELY OR LATE ENROLLMENT

- (1) Timely Enrollment The enrollment will be "timely" if the completed form is received by the Plan Administrator no later than 30 days after the person becomes eligible for the coverage, either initially or under a Special Enrollment Period.
 - If two Employees are covered under the Plan may each claim a Dependent child, and the Employee who is covering the Dependent children terminates coverage, the Dependent coverage may be continued by the other covered Employee with no Waiting Period as long as coverage has been continuous.
- (2) Late Enrollment An enrollment is "late" if it is not made on a "timely basis" or during a Special Enrollment Period. Late Enrollees and their eligible Dependents who are not eligible to join the Plan during a Special Enrollment Period may join only during open enrollment.

Unless otherwise required by law, if an individual loses eligibility for coverage as a result of terminating employment or a general suspension of coverage under the Plan, then upon becoming eligible again due to resumption of employment or due to resumption of Plan coverage, only the most recent period of eligibility will be considered for purposes of determining whether the individual is a Late Enrollee.

The time between the date a Late Enrollee first becomes eligible for enrollment under the Plan and the first day of coverage is not treated as a Waiting Period. Coverage begins as stated in the Open Enrollment section below.

- (i) Open Enrollment Each year there is an annual open enrollment period designated by the Employer during which Employees who previously declined to enroll in the Plan may enroll themselves and any eligible Dependents in the Plan.
 - Benefit choices for Late Enrollees made during the open enrollment period will become effective **July 1**.

Plan Participants will receive detailed information regarding open enrollment from their Employer.

(3) Enrollment Following Benefit Measurement Period - Employees who were determined to be Full-Time Active Employees during the applicable measurement period (and their eligible Dependents) may enroll in the Plan the first day of the first full calendar month of the following stability period.

SPECIAL ENROLLMENT RIGHTS

Federal law provides Special Enrollment provisions under some circumstances. If an Employee is declining enrollment for himself or herself or his or her Dependents (including his or her Spouse) because of other health insurance or group health plan coverage, there may be a right to enroll in this Plan if there is a loss of eligibility for that other coverage (or if the Employer stops contributing towards the other coverage). However, a request for enrollment must be made within 30 days after the coverage ends (or after the Employer stops contributing towards the other coverage).

In addition, in the case of a birth, marriage or registration of Domestic Partnership, adoption or placement for adoption, assignment of Legal Guardian, or Foster Child placement there may be a right to enroll in this Plan. However, a request for enrollment must be made within 30 days of the birth, marriage or registration of Domestic Partnership, adoption or placement for adoption, assignment of Legal Guardian, or Foster Child placement.

The Special Enrollment rules are described in more detail below. To request Special Enrollment or obtain more detailed information of these portability provisions, contact the Plan Administrator.

SPECIAL ENROLLMENT PERIODS

The events described below may create a right to enroll in the Plan under a Special Enrollment Period.

- (1) Losing other coverage may create a Special Enrollment right. An Employee or Dependent who is eligible, but not enrolled in this Plan, may enroll if the individual loses eligibility for other coverage and loss of eligibility for coverage meets all of the following conditions:
 - (a) The Employee or Dependent was covered under a group health plan or had health insurance coverage at the time coverage under this Plan was previously offered to the individual.
 - (b) If required by the Plan Administrator, the Employee stated in writing at the time that coverage was offered that the other health coverage was the reason for declining enrollment.
 - (c) Either (i) the other coverage was COBRA coverage and the COBRA coverage was exhausted, or (ii) the other coverage was not COBRA coverage, and the coverage was terminated as a result of loss of eligibility for the coverage or because employer contributions towards the coverage were terminated. Coverage will begin no later than the first day of the first calendar month following the date the completed enrollment form is received.
 - (d) The Employee or Dependent requests enrollment in this Plan not later than 30 days after the date of exhaustion of COBRA coverage or the termination of non-COBRA coverage due to loss of eligibility or termination of employer contributions, described above. Coverage will begin no later than the first day of the first calendar month following the date of the qualifying event.

For purposes of these rules, a loss of eligibility occurs if one of the following occurs:

- (i) The Employee or Dependent has a loss of eligibility due to the plan no longer offering any benefits to a class of similarly situated individuals (for example: part-time employees).
- (ii) The Employee or Dependent has a loss of eligibility as a result of legal separation, divorce, cessation of dependent status (such as attaining the maximum age to be eligible as a dependent child under the plan), death, termination of employment, or reduction in the number of hours of employment or contributions towards the coverage were terminated.

- (iii) The Employee or Dependent has a loss of eligibility when coverage is offered through an HMO, or other arrangement, in the individual market that does not provide benefits to individuals who no longer reside, live or work in a service area, (whether or not within the choice of the individual).
- (iv) The Employee or Dependent has a loss of eligibility when coverage is offered through an HMO, or other arrangement, in the group market that does not provide benefits to individuals who no longer reside, live or work in a service area, (whether or not within the choice of the individual), and no other benefit package is available to the individual.

If the Employee or Dependent lost the other coverage as a result of the individual's failure to pay premiums or required contributions or for cause (such as making a fraudulent claim or an intentional misrepresentation of a material fact in connection with the plan), that individual does not have a Special Enrollment right.

(2) Acquiring a newly eligible Dependent may create a Special Enrollment right. If:

- (a) The Employee is a participant under this Plan (or is eligible to be enrolled under this Plan but for a failure to enroll during a previous enrollment period), and
- (b) A person becomes a Dependent of the Employee through marriage, registration of domestic partnership, birth, adoption or placement for a doption, assignment of Legal Guardian, or Foster Child placement

then the Dependent may be enrolled under this Plan. If the Employee is not enrolled at the time of the event, the Employee must enroll under this Special Enrollment Period in order for his eligible Dependents to enroll. In the case of the marriage, registration of domestic partnership, birth, adoption or placement for a doption, a ssignment of Legal Guardian, or Foster Child placement, any Dependent of the covered Employee may be enrolled as a Dependent of the covered Employee if the Dependent is otherwise eligible for coverage.

The Special Enrollment Period for newly eligible Dependents is a period of 30 days that begins after the date of the marriage, registration of domestic partnership, birth, adoption or placement for adoption, assignment of Legal Guardian, or Foster Child placement. To be eligible for this Special Enrollment, the Dependent and/or Employee must request enrollment during this 30-day period.

The coverage of the Dependent and/or Employee enrolled in the Special Enrollment Period will be effective:

- (a) in the case of marriage, as of the date of the marriage; or
- (b) In the case of Domestic Partnership, on the date of registration of the Domestic Partnership; or
- (c) in the case of a Dependent's birth, as of the date of birth; or
- in the case of a Dependent's adoption or placement for adoption, the date of the adoption or placement for adoption; or
- (e) in the case of Legal Guardian, the date of the assignment of Legal Guardian; or
- (f) in the case of Foster Child, the date of placement.

Children's Health Insurance Program Reauthorization Act of 2009 (CHIPRA)

Employees and their Dependents who are otherwise eligible for coverage under the Plan but who are not enrolled can enroll in the Plan provided that they request enrollment in writing within 60 days from the date of the following loss of coverage or gain in eligibility:

- The eligible person ceases to be eligible for Medicaid or Children's Health Insurance Program (CHIP) coverage; or
- The eligible person becomes newly eligible for a premium subsidy under Medicaid or CHIP.

If eligible, the Dependent (and if not otherwise enrolled, the Employee) may be enrolled under this Plan.

This Dependent Special Enrollment Period is a period of 60 days and begins on the date of the loss of coverage under the Medicaid or CHIP plan OR on the date of the determination of eligibility for a premium subsidy under Medicaid or CHIP. To be eligible for this Special Enrollment, the Employee must request enrollment in writing during this 60-day period. The effective date of coverage will begin the first day of the first calendar month following the date of loss of coverage or gain in eligibility.

If a State in which the Employee lives offers any type of subsidy, this Plan shall also comply with any other State laws as set forth in statutes enacted by State legislature and amended from time to time, to the extent that the State law is applicable to the Plan, the Employer and its Employees.

For more information regarding special enrollment rights, contact the Plan Administrator.

EFFECTIVE DATE

Effective Date of Employee Coverage. An Employee will be covered under this Plan as of the first day of the calendar month *following or coinciding* with the date that the Employee satisfies all of the following:

- (1) The Eligibility Requirement.
- (2) The Active Employee Requirement.
- (3) The Enrollment Requirements of the Plan.

Active Employee Requirement. An Employee must be an Active Employee (as defined by this Plan) for this coverage to take effect.

Effective Date of Dependent Coverage. A Dependent's coverage will take effect on the day that the Eligibility Requirements are met; the Employee is covered under the Plan; and all Enrollment Requirements are met.

TERMINATION OF COVERAGE

If a Covered Person is receiving inpatient care on the date coverage terminates, the Covered Person will continue to receive the benefits payable under this Plan:

- **(1)** For 30 days; or
- (2) Until the Covered Person is discharged from the Inpatient Care, whichever occurs first.

The Employer or Plan has the right to rescind any coverage of the Employee and/or Dependents for cause, making a fraudulent claim or an intentional material misrepresentation in applying for or obtaining coverage, or obtaining benefits under the Plan. The Employer or Plan may either void coverage for the Employee and/or covered Dependents for the period of time coverage was in effect, may terminate coverage as of a date to be determined at the Plan's discretion, or may immediately terminate coverage. If coverage is to be terminated or voided retroactively for fraud or misrepresentation, the Plan will provide at least 30 days' advance written notice of such action. The Employer will refund all contributions paid for any coverage rescinded; however, claims paid will be offset from

this amount. The Employer reserves the right to collect additional monies if claims are paid in excess of the Employee's and/or Dependent's paid contributions.

When Employee Coverage Terminates. Employee coverage will terminate on the earliest of these dates:

- (1) The date the Plan is terminated;
- (2) The date the employee's eligibility class is terminated;
- (3) The last day of the calendar month in which the covered Employee ceases to be in one of the Eligible Classes, or, if applicable, the last day of the stability period for which the covered Employee met the required minimum hours of service established by the Employer. This includes death or termination of Active Employment of the covered Employee. (See the section entitled COBRA Continuation Coverage.) It also includes an Employee on disability, leave of absence or other leave of absence, unless the Plan specifically provides for continuation during these periods;
- (4) The end of the period for which the required contribution has been paid if the charge for the next period is not paid when due;
- (5) If an Employee commits fraud, makes an intentional misrepresentation of material fact in applying for or obtaining coverage, or obtaining benefits under the Plan, or fails to notify the Plan Administrator that he or she has become ineligible for coverage, then the Employer or Plan may either void coverage for the Employee and covered Dependents for the period of time coverage was in effect, may terminate coverage as of a date to be determined at the Plan's discretion, or may immediately terminate coverage. If coverage is to be terminated or voided retroactively for fraud or misrepresentation, the Plan will provide at least 30 days' advance written notice of such action; or
- (6) As otherwise specified in the Eligibility section.

Note: Except in certain circumstances, a covered Employee may be eligible for COBRA Continuation Coverage. For a complete explanation of when COBRA Continuation Coverage is available, what conditions apply and how to select it, see the section entitled COBRA Continuation Coverage.

Continuation During Periods of Employer-Certified Leave of Absence. A person may remain eligible for a limited time if Active, full-time work ceases due to Employer certified leave of absence. This continuance will end as follows:

For Employer-Certified leave of absence: The date the Employer ends the continuance.

While continued, coverage will be that which was in force on the last day worked as an Active Employee. However, if benefits reduce for others in the class, they will also reduce for the continued person.

When considering a leave of absence without pay, the Covered Person should be aware that he or she will be responsible for continued payment of benefit premiums while on leave. For additional information regarding Employer certified leave of absence, contact the Employer's Human Resources Department.

Continuation During Family Medical Leave

All Rocky Mountain College employees may be entitled to family leave under the federal Family and Medical Leave Act (FMLA) when they meet all of the eligibility requirements of these laws. This policy sets forth several rules that must be applied uniformly to all College employees who may be eligible for either or both types of family and medical leave. As used in this policy, "family and medical leave" means leave available under both the federal and state laws. Any questions concerning the following family medical leave should be directed to the Human Resources Department.

Rocky Mountain College provides family medical leaves of absence without pay to eligible employees who are temporarily unable to work due to a serious health condition or disability. For purposes of this policy, care of spouse/domestic partner/child/parent with serious health condition, birth, and care of employee's newborn child,

placement of child for adoption, foster care, and qualifying exigency leave for the employee's eligible spouse/domestic partner/child/parent deployed for covered military duties.

Eligible employees may request family medical leave only after having completed 12 months of service. Exceptions to the service requirement will be considered to accommodate disabilities. Eligible employees should make requests for family medical leave to their supervisors at least 30 days in advance of foreseeable events and as soon as possible for unforeseeable events.

When the College has reason to believe that an employee is or will be absent for a family medical leave qualifying purpose, the Human Resources Department shall request the appropriate information form for the College to determine their eligibility for family medical leave.

A medical certification (or other certification appropriate to the particular request) must be submitted verifying the need for family medical leave and its beginning and expected end dates. Any changes in this information should be promptly reported to Rocky Mountain College. Employees returning from family medical leave must submit a health care provider's verification of their fitness to return to work.

Eligible employees are typically granted leave for the period of the disability, up to a maximum of 12 weeks within any 12 month period. Any combination of medical leave and family leave may not exceed this maximum limit. Employees will be required to first use any accrued vacation and sick leave time before taking unpaid medical leave.

Employees who sustain work-related injuries are eligible for a medical leave of absence for the period of disability in a greement with all applicable laws covering occupational impairments.

For employees covered under the College's benefit plans before a family medical leave, the College will continue coverage of the employee's benefit plans (including medical, dental and short-term disability) during an approved leave and will continue its contributions toward coverage. The employee must make a rrangements with the Human Resources Department before the leave or as soon as possible to continue to pay any required employee contributions. While the employee remains in "paid" status, the employee's contributions will continue through payroll deduction. When the leave becomes unpaid, the employee is responsible for making necessary billing arrangements through the Human Resources Department. During the family medical leave, all other insurance plans fully paid by the College (e.g., basic life insurance and long-term disability insurance) will continue to be paid by the College. College retirement contributions, personal absence time, and vacation time accruals continue while the employee remains in "paid" status, but are discontinued during any unpaid portion of the leave.

So that an employee's return to work can be properly scheduled, an employee on medical leave is requested to provide Rocky Mountain College with at least two weeks' notice of the date the employee intends to return to work. When family medical leave ends, the employee will be reinstated to the same position if it is available or to an equivalent position for which the employee is qualified.

If an employee fails to return to work on the agreed upon return date, Rocky Mountain College will assume that the employee has resigned.

Rehiring a Terminated Employee. A terminated Employee who is rehired prior to the end of a 26 consecutive week period after the date of termination will be credited with time met towards the employment Waiting Period as of the date of termination. Coverage will begin the first day of the first calendar month following the date of rehire or the first day of the first calendar month following completion of the Waiting Period.

Otherwise, a terminated Employee who is rehired will be treated as a new hire and be required to satisfy all Eligibility and Enrollment requirements.

However, if the Employee is returning to work directly from COBRA Continuation Coverage, this Employee will be credited with time met towards the employment Waiting Period as of the date the Employee elected COBRA Continuation Coverage.

Employees on Military Leave. Employees going into or returning from military service may elect to continue Plan coverage as mandated by the Uniformed Services Employment and Reemployment Rights Act (USERRA) under the following circumstances. These rights apply only to Employees and their Dependents covered under the Plan immediately before leaving for military service.

- (1) The maximum period of coverage of a person under such an election shall be the lesser of:
 - (a) The 24 month period beginning on the date on which the person's absence begins; or
 - (b) The day after the date on which the person was required to apply for or return to a position of employment and fails to do so.
- (2) A person who elects to continue health plan coverage may be required to pay up to 102% of the full contribution under the Plan, except a person on active duty for 30 days or less cannot be required to pay more than the Employee's share, if any, for the coverage.
- (3) An exclusion or Waiting Period may not be imposed in connection with the reinstatement of coverage upon reemployment if one would not have been imposed had coverage not been terminated because of service. However, an exclusion or Waiting Period may be imposed for coverage of any Illness or Injury determined by the Secretary of Veterans Affairs to have been incurred in, or a ggravated during, the performance of uniformed service.

If the Employee wishes to elect this coverage or obtain more detailed information, contact the Plan Administrator. The Employee may also have continuation rights under USERRA. In general, the Employee must meet the same requirements for electing USERRA coverage as are required under COBRA Continuation Coverage requirements. Coverage elected under these circumstances is concurrent not cumulative. The Employee may elect USERRA continuation coverage for the Employee and their Dependents. Only the Employee has election rights. Dependents do not have any independent right to elect USERRA health plan continuation.

When Dependent Coverage Terminates. A Dependent's coverage will terminate on the earliest of these dates:

- (1) The date the Plan or Dependent coverage under the Plan is terminated;
- (2) The date that the Employee's coverage under the Plan terminates for any reason including death. (See the section entitled COBRA Continuation Coverage.);
- (3) The last day of the calendar month that a covered Spouse or Domestic Partner loses coverage due to loss of eligibility status. (See the section entitled COBRA Continuation Coverage.);
- (4) The last day of the calendar month in which a Dependent child ceases to meet the applicable eligibility requirements. (See the section entitled COBRA Continuation Coverage.);
- (5) The end of the period for which the required contribution has been paid if the charge for the next period is not paid when due;
- (6) If a Dependent commits fraud or makes an intentional misrepresentation of material fact in applying for or obtaining coverage, or obtaining benefits under the Plan, or fails to notify the Plan Administrator that he or she has become ineligible for coverage, then the Employer or Plan may either void coverage for the Dependent for the period of time coverage was in effect, may terminate coverage as of a date to be determined at the Plan's discretion, or may immediately terminate coverage. If coverage is to be terminated or voided retroactively for fraud or misrepresentation, the Plan will provide at least 30 days' advance written notice of such action; or
- (7) As otherwise specified in the Eligibility section.
- **Note:** Except in certain circumstances, a covered Dependent may be eligible for COBRA Continuation Coverage. For a complete explanation of when COBRA Continuation Coverage is available, what conditions apply and how to select it, see the section entitled COBRA Continuation Coverage.

MEDICAL BENEFITS

Claims should be received by the Claims Administrator within 365 days from the date charges for the services were incurred. Benefits are based on the Plan's provisions in effect at the time the charges were incurred. Claims received later than that date will be denied.

The Plan Participant must provide sufficient documentation (as determined by the Claims Administrator) to support a claim for benefits. The Plan reserves the right to have a Plan Participant seek a second medical opinion.

Before filing a lawsuit, the Plan Participant must exhaust all available levels of review as described in the Internal and External Claims Review Procedures section, unless an exception under applicable law applies. A legal action to obtain benefits must be commenced within one year of the date of the Notice of Determination on the final level of internal or external review, whichever is applicable.

Medical Benefits apply when Covered Charges are incurred by a Covered Person for care of an Injury or Sickness and while the person is covered for these benefits under the Plan.

COVERED CHARGES

Covered Charges are the Allowable Charges that are incurred for the following items of service and supply. These charges are subject to the benefit limits, exclusions and other provisions of this Plan. A charge is incurred on the date that the service or supply is performed or furnished.

(1) Hospital Care. The medical services and supplies furnished by a Hospital or Outpatient Surgical Center or a Birthing Center. Covered Charges for room and board will be payable as shown in the Schedule of Benefits. After 23 observation hours, a confinement will be considered an inpatient confinement.

Room charges made by a Hospital having only private rooms will be payable at the average private room rate of that facility.

Charges for an Intensive Care Unit stay are payable as described in the Schedule of Benefits.

(2) Coverage of Pregnancy. The Allowable Charge for the care and treatment of Pregnancy are covered the same as any other Sickness and will be payable as stated in the Schedule of Benefits.

Note: Routine prenatal office visits will be payable as stated under the Pregnancy benefit as shown in the Schedule of Benefits section. The following services will continue to be payable per normal Plan provisions:

Pregnancy-related ultra sounds, lab screenings (not otherwise specified), Complications of Pregnancy (as defined under this Plan), delivery, and post-partum care.

This Plan complies with the Newborn's and Mother's Health Protection Act.

Group health plans generally may not, under Federal law, restrict benefits for any hospital length of stay in connection with childbirth for the mother or newborn child to less than 48 hours following a vaginal delivery, or less than 96 hours following a cesarean section. However, Federal law generally does not prohibit the mother's or newborn's attending provider, a fter consulting with the mother, from discharging the mother or her newborn earlier than 48 hours (or 96 hours as applicable). In any case, plans and issuers may not, under Federal law, require that a provider obtain authorization from the plan or the issuer for prescribing a length of stay not in excess of 48 hours (or 96 hours).

- (3) Skilled Nursing Facility Care. The room and board and nursing care furnished by a Skilled Nursing Facility will be payable if and when:
 - (a) the patient is confined as a bed patient in the facility; and
 - (b) the attending Physician certifies that the confinement is deemed Medically Necessary; and

- the attending Physician completes a treatment plan which includes a diagnosis, the proposed course of treatment and the projected date of discharge from the Skilled Nursing Facility.
- (4) Physician Care. The professional services of a Physician for surgical or medical services.

Charges for multiple surgical procedures are subject to the following provisions in the absence of a negotiated amount established by a provider network arrangement or other discounting or negotiated arrangement:

- (a) If bilateral or multiple surgical procedures are performed by one surgeon, benefits will be determined based on the Allowable Charge for the primary procedures; 50% of the Allowable Charge will be allowed for each additional procedure performed through the same incision or during the same operative session. Any procedure that would not be an integral part of the primary procedure or is unrelated to the diagnosis will be considered "incidental" and no benefits will be provided for such procedures;
- (b) If multiple unrelated surgical procedures are performed by two or more surgeons on separate operative fields, benefits will be based on the Allowable Charge for each surgeon's primary procedure. If two or more surgeons perform a procedure that is normally performed by one surgeon, benefits for all surgeons will not exceed the Allowable Charge percentage allowed for that procedure; and
- (c) If an assistant surgeon is required, the assistant surgeon's Covered Charge will not exceed 20% of the surgeon's Allowable Charge.
- (5) Private Duty Nursing Care. The private duty nursing care by a licensed nurse (R.N., L.P.N. or L.V.N.). Covered Charges for this service will be included to this extent:
 - (a) Inpatient Nursing Care. Charges are covered only when care is Medically Necessary or not Custodial in nature and the Hospital's Intensive Care Unit is filled or the Hospital has no Intensive Care Unit.
 - (b) Outpatient Nursing Care. Outpatient private duty nursing care is not covered.
- (6) Home Health Care Services and Supplies. Charges for home health care services and supplies are covered only for care and treatment of an Injury or Sickness. The diagnosis, care and treatment must be certified by the attending Physician and be contained in a Home Health Care Plan.

A home health care visit will be considered a periodic visit by either a nurse or therapist, as the case may be, or four hours of home health aide services.

(7) Hospice Care Services and Supplies. Charges for hospice care services and supplies are covered only when the attending Physician has diagnosed the Covered Person's condition as being terminal, determined that the person is not expected to live more than six months and placed the person under a Hospice Care Plan.

Covered Charges for Hospice Care Services and Supplies are payable as described in the Schedule of Benefits.

Bereavement counseling services by a licensed social worker or a licensed pastoral counselor for the patient's immediate family (covered Spouse and/or other covered Dependents). Bereavement services must be furnished within six months after the patient's death.

- (8) Other Medical Services and Supplies. These services and supplies not otherwise included in the items above are covered as follows:
 - (a) Acupuncture. Care, supplies, services and treatment in connection with acupuncture, will be payable up to the limits as stated in the Schedule of Benefits.
 - **(b)** Allergy. Care, supplies, services and treatment in connection with allergy testing, serum and injections.
 - (c) Ambulance. Local Medically Necessary professional land or air ambulance service. A charge for this item will be a Covered Charge only if the service is to the nearest Hospital or Skilled Nursing Facility where necessary treatment can be provided unless the Plan Administrator finds a longer trip was Medically Necessary.
 - (d) Anesthetic; oxygen; blood and blood derivatives that are not donated or replaced; intravenous injections and solutions. Administration of these items is included. Storage charges for blood are paid when a Covered Person has blood drawn and stored for the Covered Person's own use for a planned surgery.
 - (e) Applied Behavioral Analysis or other similar services when provided by an individual licensed by the behavioral analyst certification board or certified by the Department of Public Health and Human Services as a family support specialist with an autism endorsement.

Note: Benefits are limited to treatment that is prescribed by a Physician and documented by a written Plan of Care provided by the treating Physician. The Plan Administrator may request periodic documentation of continued progress to goals identified in the Plan of Care.

Benefits will be payable up to the limits as stated in the Schedule of Benefits.

(f) Breast pump, breast pump supplies, lactation support and counseling.

Breast pump, breast pump supplies

A standard electric breast pump or a manual breast pump for initiation or continuation of breastfeeding may be bought rather than rented, with the cost to rent not to exceed the actual purchase price.

- Rental of a heavy duty/Hospital grade breast pump may be considered Medically Necessary only for the period of time that a newborn remains inpatient in the Hospital. Purchase of a heavy duty/Hospital grade breast pump is not considered Medically Necessary or a Covered Charge under this Plan.
- For female Covered Persons using a breast pump from a prior Pregnancy, a new set of breast pump supplies will be covered with each subsequent Pregnancy.
- Replacement of either a standard electric breast pump or a manual breast pump, but not both, will be covered every three Calendar Years following a subsequent Pregnancy.

Covered Charges for the purchase or rental of a breast pump and supplies will be payable subject to the Preventive Care benefits as shown in the Schedule of Benefits section.

Note: Breast pumps and breast pump supplies when purchased through a retail store (for example, through Target, Wal-Mart, Walgreens) will be considered payable under this Plan.

The Claims Administrator will require the following documentation: claimform with proof of purchase to include purchase price and item description.

Lactation support and counseling

Covered Charges include inpatient and outpatient comprehensive prenatal and postnatal lactation support and counseling for female Covered Persons for the duration of the breastfeeding. Services must be rendered by a Physician acting within the scope of their license or certification under applicable State law.

- (g) Cardiac rehabilitation as deemed Medically Necessary provided services are rendered (a) under the supervision of a Physician; (b) in connection with a myocardial infarction, coronary occlusion, coronary bypass surgery, or other cardiac condition; (c) initiated within 12 weeks after other treatment for the medical condition ends; and (d) in a Facility as defined by this Plan.
- (h) Chemotherapy or radiation treatment with radioactive substances. The materials and services of technicians are included.

Pre-notification of services, by the Plan Participant, for cancer treatment services is strongly recommended. The pre-notification request to CareLink should include the Covered Person's plan of care and treatment protocol. Pre-notification of services should occur at least seven days prior to the initiation of treatment.

For pre-notification of services, call CareLink at the following numbers:

Toll Free in the United States: (866) 894-1505 Local Call in Billings, Montana: (406) 245-3575

A pre-notification of services by CareLink is not a determination by the Plan that claims will be paid. All claims are subject to the provisions of the Plan, including but not limited to medical necessity, exclusions and limitations in effect when services are provided. A pre-notification is not required as a condition precedent to paying benefits, and can only be appealed under the procedures in the Care Management Services section. A pre-notification cannot be appealed under the Plan's Internal and External Claims Review Procedures.

- (i) Clinical Trials. Covered Charges will include charges made for routine patient services associated with clinical trials approved and sponsored by the federal government. In addition the following criteria must be met:
 - The clinical trial is registered on the National Institute of Health (NIH) maintained web site www.clinicaltrials.gov as a Phase I, II, III, or IV clinical trial.
 - The Covered Person meets all inclusion criteria for the clinical trial and is not treated "off-protocol."
 - The Covered Person has signed an Informed Consent to participate in the clinical trial. The Plan Administrator may request a copy of the signed Informed Consent;
 - The trial is approved by the Institutional Review Board of the institution administering the treatment.
 - Routine patient services will not be considered Experimental or Investigational and will include costs for services received during the course of a clinical trial, which are the usual costs for medical care, such as Physician visits, Hospital stays, clinical laboratory tests and x-rays that a Covered Person would receive whether or not he or she were participating in a clinical trial.

Routine patient services do not include, and reimbursement will not be provided for:

• The investigational service, supply, or drug itself;

- Services or supplies listed herein as Plan Exclusions;
- Services or supplies related to data collection for the clinical trial (i.e., protocol-induced costs). This includes items and services provided solely to satisfy data collection and analysis and that are not used in direct clinical management of the Covered Person (e.g. monthly CT scans for a condition usually requiring only a single scan);
- Services or supplies which, in the absence of private health care coverage, are provided by a clinical trial sponsor or other party (e.g. device, drug, item or service supplied by manufacturer and not yet FDA approved) without charge to the trial participant.
- (j) Initial **contact lenses** or glasses required following cataract surgery.
- (k) Contraceptives. All Food and Drug Administration (FDA) approved contraceptive methods when prescribed by a Physician, including but not limited to intrauterine devices (IUDs) and implants, (including insertion and removal when applicable), injections, and any related Physician and facility charges including complications. Services will be payable subject to the Preventive Care benefit in the Schedule of Benefits.

Refer to the separate Prescription Drug Benefit of this Plan regarding prescription coverage of oral contraceptive medications, devices, transdermals, vaginal contraceptives, implantables and injectables, including Physician-prescribed over-the-counter (OTC) contraceptives for female Covered Persons.

- (I) Diabetic Education. Inpatient and outpatient self-management training and education for the treatment of diabetes, provided by a licensed health care professional with expertise in diabetes, will be payable up to the limits as stated in the Schedule of Benefits.
- (m) Durable Medical Equipment (DME). Charges for Durable Medical Equipment and supplies necessary for the maintenance and operation of the Durable Medical Equipment that meet all of the following criteria:
 - Medically Necessary;
 - Prescribed by a Physician for outpatient use;
 - Is NOT primarily for the comfort and convenience of the Covered Person;
 - Does NOT have significant non-medical uses (i.e. air conditioners, air filters, humidifiers, environmental control devices).

<u>Durable Medical Equipment</u> and supplies needed outside of a medical facility environment can be obtained from the following Plan vendor:

ConnectDME Have a Prescription:

Email: Orders@ConnectDME.com

Fax: 1(918) 515-6171

Preparing for post-surgery needs:

ConnectDME

Call: 1(918)600-5799 or 1(918)851-6249

If more than one item of Durable Medical Equipment can meet a Covered Person's needs, Plan benefits are only available for the least cost alternative as determined by the Plan Administrator. Benefits are not available for certain convenience or luxury features that are considered non-standard.

Rental of a Durable Medical Equipment item will be a Covered Charge up to a maximum of the lesser of 24 months or the warranty period of the item, commencing on the date the item is first delivered to the Covered Person.

A Durable Medical Equipment item may be purchased, rather than rented, with the cost not to exceed the actual acquisition cost of the item to the Covered Person if the Covered Person were to purchase the item directly. The acquisition cost of the item may be prorated over a six month period, subject to prior approval by the Plan Administrator.

Replacement of a Durable Medical Equipment item, rented or purchased, will be a Covered Charge limited to once every four Calendar Years.

- Subject to prior approval of the Plan Administrator, replacement for a *purchased* Durable Medical Equipment item may be available for damage beyond repair with normal wear and tear, when repair costs exceed the acquisition cost, or when a change in the Covered Person's medical condition occurs sooner than the four Calendar Year period.
- Subject to prior approval of the Plan Administrator, replacement for a *rented* Durable Medical Equipment item may be available when a change in the Covered Person's medical condition occurs sooner than the four Calendar Year period.

Repair of a Durable Medical Equipment item including the replacement of essential accessories such as hoses, tubing, mouth pieces, etc., are Covered Charges only when necessary to make the item serviceable and the total estimated repair and replacement costs do not exceed the acquisition cost of the item. Rental charges for a temporary replacement Durable Medical Equipment item are Covered Charges up to a maximum of two consecutive months. Requests to repair a Durable Medical Equipment item are not subject to the four Calendar Year limit.

The Plan Administrator may require documentation, including but not limited to the make and model number of the Durable Medical Equipment item, the acquisition cost to the provider, and documentation to support Medical Necessity.

- (n) Home Infusion Therapy. The Plan will cover home infusion therapy services and supplies when provided by an accredited home infusion therapy agency, which is not a licensed Home Health Agency. These services must be Medically Necessary and are required for the administration of a home infusion therapy regimen when ordered by and are part of a formal written plan prescribed by a Physician. The benefit will include all Medically Necessary services and supplies including the nursing services associated with patient and/or alternative care giver training, visits to monitor intravenous therapy regimen, emergency care, Prescription Drugs, administration of therapy and the collection, analysis and reporting of the results of laboratory testing services required to monitor a response to therapy.
- (o) Infertility. Care, supplies and services for the treatment of Infertility including, but not limited to, IVF, artificial insemination and all associated charges including Prescription Drugs up to the limits shown in the Schedule of Benefits. Diagnostic testing to determine infertility will be payable under a separate benefit and not subject to limits.
- (p) Laboratory studies. Covered Charges for diagnostic and preventive lab testing and services.
- (q) Treatment of Mental Disorders and Substance Abuse. Covered Charges for care, supplies and treatment of Mental Disorders and Substance Abuse.

This Plan complies with the Mental health Parity and Addiction Equity Act of 2008.

(r) Injury to or care of **mouth**, **teeth and gums**. Charges for Injury to or care of the mouth, teeth, gums and alveolar processes will be Covered Charges under Medical Benefits only if that care is for the following oral surgical procedures:

- Excision of tumors and cysts of the jaws, cheeks, lips, tongue, roof and floor of the mouth.
- Emergency repair due to Injury to sound natural teeth.
- Surgery needed to correct accidental Injuries to the jaws, cheeks, lips, tongue, floor and roof
 of the mouth.
- Excision of benign bony growths of the jaw and hard palate.
- External incision and drainage of cellulitis.
- Incision of sensory sinuses, salivary glands or ducts.
- Removal of impacted teeth.
- Reduction of, dislocation of, or excision of, the temporomandibular joints

General anesthesia, when rendered in a Hospital or outpatient surgical facility including associated Hospital or facility charges for dental care when deemed Medically Necessary will be covered only when a nondental physical or mental Illness or Injury exists, which makes Hospital care Medically Necessary to safeguard the Covered Person's health.

No charge will be covered under Medical Benefits for dental and or alsurgical procedures involving orthodontic care of the teeth, periodontal disease and preparing the mouth for the fitting of or continued use of dentures.

- (s) Naturopathy. Care, treatment, and services that are described as a Covered Charge under this Plan by a licensed naturopath or Naturopathic Doctor (N.D.)
- (t) Nutritional Education Counseling. Care, treatment, and services when provided by a health care provider acting within the scope of his or her license, and will be payable up to the limits as stated in the Schedule of Benefits. This benefit will not include weight loss medications or nutritional supplements whether or not prescribed by a Physician.
- (u) Obesity Interventions. This benefit is being provided consistent with the Affordable Care Act preventive services requirement. Covered Charges include Physician-directed intensive, multicomponent behavioral interventions for weight management for Covered Persons age 18 and older with a body mass index (BMI) of 30 kg/m² or higher.

Intensive, multicomponent behavioral interventions for weight management will include group and individual sessions of high intensity (up to 26 visits per Calendar Year) encompassing the following:

- Behavioral management activities such as setting weight loss goals
- Improving diet or nutrition and increasing physical activity
- Addressing barriers to change
- Self-monitoring
- Strategizing how to maintain lifestyle changes

Non-surgical care and treatment and Physician prescribed weight loss medications will not be a covered benefit except as may be specifically described as a benefit by this Plan.

This Plan will not cover nutritional supplements, gym memberships, or dues for participation in weight loss programs (e.g., Weight Watchers, Jenny Craig, etc.) whether or not prescribed by a Physician.

- (v) Occupational therapy by a a health care provider acting within the scope of his or her license. Therapy must be ordered by a Physician, result from an Injury or Sickness including autism spectrum disorders and improve a body function. Covered Charges do not include recreational programs, maintenance therapy or supplies used in occupational therapy.
- (w) Organ transplant limits. Medically Necessary charges incurred for the care and treatment due to an organ or tissue transplant that is not considered Experimental or Investigational, subject to the following criteria:
 - The transplant must be performed to replace an organ or tissue.
 - Organ transplant benefit period: A period of 365 continuous days beginning five days immediately prior to an approved organ transplant procedure. In the case of a bone marrow transplant, the date the transplant begins will be defined as either the earlier of the date of the beginning of the preparatory regimen (marrow ablation therapy) or the date the marrow/stem cells is/are infused.
 - Organ procurement limits. When the transplant recipient is not a Covered Person under this Plan and the donor is, the donor will receive benefits to the extent that benefits are not provided to the donor by coverage of the recipient. When the donor has medical coverage, his or her Plan will pay first. The donor benefits under this Plan will be reduced by those payable under the donor's Plan. Donor charges include those for:
 - (i) Evaluating the organ or tissue;
 - (ii) Removing the organ or tissue from the donor; and
 - (iii) Transportation of the organ or tissue from within the United States or Canada to the facility where the transplant is to be performed.

Note: Expenses related to the purchase of any organ will not be covered.

As soon as reasonably possible, but in no event more than 10 days after a Plan Participant's attending Physician has indicated that the Plan Participant is a potential candidate for a transplant, the Plan Participant or his or her Physician must contact CareLink at (866) 894-1505.

A Center of Excellence is a licensed healthcare facility that has entered into a participation agreement with a national transplant network to provide approved transplant services, at a negotiated rate, to which the Plan has access. A Plan Participant may contact CareLink to determine whether or not a facility is considered a Center of Excellence. Please note, in the event a non-designated Centers of Excellent facility is utilized, there will be no coverage under this Plan.

Special Transplant Benefits

Under certain circumstances, there may be special transplant benefits a vailable when the group health Plan and/or a Plan Participant participates in a special transplant program and/or contracts with a specific transplant network. Therefore, it is very important to contact CareLink at (866) 894-1505 as soon as reasonably possible so that the Plan can advise the Plan Participant or his or her Physician of the transplant benefits that may be available.

Transplant Exclusions

Coverage for the following procedures, when Medically Necessary, may be provided under the regular medical benefits provision under this Plan, subject to all Plan provisions and applicable benefit limitations as stated under this Plan:

- Cornea transplantation
- Skin grafts

- Artery
- Vein
- Valve
- Transplantation of blood or blood derivatives (except for bone marrow or stem cells)
- (x) Orthotic appliances. The initial purchase, fitting and repair of orthotic appliances such as braces, splints or other appliances which are required for support for an injured or deformed part of the body as a result of a disabling congenital condition or an Injury or Sickness.

The Plan will not pay for foot orthotics defined as any in-shoe device designed to support the structural components of the foot during weight-bearing activities.

- (y) Physical therapy by a health care provider acting within the scope of his or her license. The therapy must be in accordance with a Physician's exact orders as to type, frequency, and duration for conditions which are subject to significant improvement through short-term therapy. Covered Charges include treatment of autism spectrum disorders.
- **Prescription** Drugs (as defined). Outpatient Prescription Drugs will be payable under the separate Prescription Drug Benefits section of this Plan.
- (a1) Preventive Care/Routine Well Care. Covered Charges under Medical Benefits are payable for Preventive Care/Routine Well Care as described in the Schedule of Benefits.

Preventive Care/Routine Well Care is care by a Physician that is not for an Injury or Illness and will only apply in the absence of a diagnosis for a medical condition, including a recurring condition or for medication.

Consult with your Physician at the time services are rendered as to whether or not the services provided will be considered Preventive Care/Routine Well Care as mandated under the Affordable Care Act (ACA), U.S. Preventive Services Task Force (USPSTF) grades A and B recommendations or the Women's Preventive Services as required by the Health Resources and Services Administration (HRSA).

Otherwise, services rendered which are not considered or billed by the Physician as Preventive Care/Routine Well Care (as stated above) will be subject to the terms and conditions, limitations and exclusions of the Plan in effect at the time services are provided.

- **(b1) Prosthetic devices.** The initial purchase, fitting and repair of fitted prosthetic devices which replace body parts.
- (c1) Reconstructive Surgery. Covered Charges include reconstructive surgery performed to correct significant deformities caused by congenital or developmental abnormalities, Illness, Injury, and reconstructive mammoplasties.

This Plan complies with the Women's Health and Cancer Rights Act.

This mammoplasty coverage will include reimbursement for:

- (i) reconstruction of the breast on which a mastectomy has been performed,
- (ii) surgery and reconstruction of the other breast to produce a symmetrical appearance, and
- (iii) coverage of prostheses and physical complications during all stages of mastectomy, including lymphedemas,

in a manner determined in consultation with the attending Physician and the patient.

(d1) Rehabilitation Services. Charges for rehabilitation therapy as stated in the Schedule of Benefits. Services must be Medically Necessary to restore and improve a bodily or cognitive function that was previously normal but was lost as a result of an accidental Injury, Illness, or surgery.

<u>Inpatient Care.</u> Services must be furnished in a specialized rehabilitative unit of a Hospital and billed by the Hospital or be furnished and billed by a rehabilitation facility approved by the Plan. This benefit only covers care the Covered Person received within 24 months from the on set of the Injury or Illness or from the date of the surgery that made rehabilitation necessary. The care must also be part of a written plan of multidisciplinary treatment prescribed and periodically reviewed by a physiatrist (a Physician specializing in rehabilitative medicine).

(e1) Renal Dialysis Services. Renal dialysis visits up to the out-of-pocket limitation after the satisfaction of deductible, if any. For renal dialysis treatments associated with an in-patient hospitalization, the Plan Administrator has the discretionary authority to negotiate a contract rate or other discounting arrangement on the entire inpatient claim.

Renal dialysis visits shall include dialysis, facility services, supplies and medications provided during treatment. Laboratory testing and Physician visits will be payable per normal Plan provisions.

- (f1) Sleep disorders. Care, treatment, services and supplies for sleep disorders when deemed Medically Necessary.
- (g1) Speech therapy by a health care provider acting within the scope of his or her license, subject to medical necessity. Therapy must be ordered by a Physician and follow either: (i) surgery for correction of a congenital condition of the oral cavity, throat or nasal complex (other than a frenectomy) of a Plan Participant; (ii) an Injury; (iii) an Illness; or (iv) in treatment of autism spectrum disorders.

Services for speech therapy to correct pre-speech deficiencies or therapy to improve speech skills not fully developed (unless related to an Illness or Injury) are not covered.

- **(h1)** Spinal Manipulation/Chiropractic services by a health care provider acting within the scope of his or her license, payable as shown in the Schedule of Benefits.
- (i1) Sterilization procedures. Sterilization procedures for female Covered Persons will be payable under the Preventive Care benefit as stated in the Schedule of Benefits.

The following charges will be payable per normal Plan provisions:

- Hysterectomies; and
- Sterilization procedures for male Covered Persons
- (j1) Surgical dressings, splints, casts and other devices used in the reduction of fractures and dislocations.
- (k1) Teladoc. Teladoc offers 24/7 Physician Consultations, which provide access to licensed, U.S.-based physicians by phone, secure e-mail, video and mobile app at any time of the day. Physicians offer diagnoses, medical advice, treatment recommendations and can even prescribe medications over the phone.

Call: 1-800-Teladoc or www.Teladoc.com.

(11) Tobacco/Nicotine Cessation Counseling. Care and treatment for tobacco/nicotine cessation counseling, will be payable up to the limits as stated in the Schedule of Benefits. Refer to the Prescription Drug Benefit section regarding coverage of tobacco/nicotine cessation medications and products.

(m1) Coverage of Well Newborn Nursery/Physician Care.

Charges for Routine Nursery Care. Routine well newborn nursery care is care while the newborn is Hospital-confined after birth and includes room, board and other normal well-baby care, including circumcision, for which a Hospital makes a charge.

This coverage is only provided if the newborn child is an **eligible and enrolled** Dependent and a parent (1) is a Covered Person who was covered under the Plan at the time of the birth, or (2) enrolls himself or herself (as well as the newborn child if required) in accordance with the Special Enrollment provisions with coverage effective as of the date of birth.

The benefit is limited to the Allowable Charges for routine well-baby nursery care for the newborn child while Hospital confined as a result of the child's birth.

Charges for covered routine nursery care will be applied toward the Plan of the newborn child, provided the newborn child is enrolled on a timely basis.

Group health plans generally may not, under Federal law, restrict benefits for any hospital length of stay in connection with childbirth for the mother or newborn child to less than 48 hours following a vaginal delivery, or less than 96 hours following a cesarean section. However, Federal law generally does not prohibit the mother's or newborn's attending provider, after consulting with the mother, from discharging the mother or her newborn earlier than 48 hours (or 96 hours as applicable). In any case, plans and issuers may not, under Federal law, require that a provider obtain authorization from the plan or the issuer for prescribing a length of stay not in excess of 48 hours (or 96 hours).

Charges for Routine Physician Care. The benefit is limited to the Allowable Charges for routine well-baby care made by a Physician for pediatric visits to the newborn child while Hospital confined, including circumcision, as a result of the child's birth.

Charges for covered routine Physician care will be applied toward the Plan of the newborn child, provided the newborn child is enrolled on a timely basis.

- (n1) Wigs. Charges associated with the purchase of a wig after chemotherapy and radiation treatment will be payable up to the limits as stated in the Schedule of Benefits.
- (01) X-rays. Covered Charges for diagnostic x-rays and imaging services.

CARE MANAGEMENT SERVICES

UTILIZATION MANAGEMENT

Utilization Management is a program designed to assist Covered Persons in understanding and becoming involved with their diagnosis and medical plan of care, and advocates patient involvement in choosing a medical plan of care. Utilization Management begins with the pre-notification process.

Pre-notification of certain services is strongly recommended, but not required by the Plan. Pre-notification provides information regarding coverage before the Covered Person receives treatment, services and/or supplies. A benefit determination on a Claim will be made only after the Claim has been submitted. A pre-notification of services by CareLink is not a determination by the Plan that a Claim will be paid. All Claims are subject to the terms and conditions, limitations and exclusions of the Plan in effect at the time services are provided. A pre-notification is not required as a condition precedent to paying benefits, and can only be appealed under the procedures in this Care Management Services section. A pre-notification cannot be appealed under the Plan's Internal and External Claims Review Procedures.

Examples of when the Physician and Covered Person should contact CareLink prior to treatment include:

- Inpatient admissions to a Hospital;
- Inpatient admissions to free-standing chemical dependency, mental health, and rehabilitation facilities;
- Cancer treatment plan of care, administered on an inpatient or outpatient basis;
- Inpatient or outpatient surgeries relating to, but not limited to, hysterectomies, back surgery, or bariatric surgery (if applicable under this Plan); and
- Outpatient services as follows:
 - o Dialysis
 - o Genetic testing
 - o Injectables
 - o Home Health Care
 - Hospice
 - o Durable Medical Equipment (DME) over \$2,000

All Claims are subject to the terms and conditions, limitations and exclusions of the Plan in effect at the time services are provided.

The Physician or Covered Person should notify CareLink at least seven days before services are scheduled to be rendered with the following information:

- The name of the patient and relationship to the covered Employee
- The name, Employee identification number and address of the Covered Person
- The name of the Employer
- The name and telephone number of the attending Physician
- The name of the Hospital, proposed date of a dmission, and proposed length of stay
- The diagnosis and/or type of surgery
- The plan of care, treatment protocol and/or informed consent, if applicable

If there is an emergency admission to the Hospital, the Covered Person, Covered Person's family member, Hospital or attending Physician should notify CareLink within two business days after the admission.

Hospital Observation Room stays in excess of 23 hours are considered an admission for purposes of this program, therefore CareLink should be notified.

Contact the Care Management administrator at:

CareLink (406) 245-3575 or (866) 894-1505

PRE-ADMISSION AND POST DISCHARGE CARE CALLS

A CareLink nurse will contact the Covered Person to provide health education, pre-surgical counseling, inpatient care coordination, facilitation of discharge plan and post-discharge follow-up.

PRE-NOTIFICATION DETERMINATION AND REVIEW PROCESS

The Plan Administrator or its designee, on the Plan's behalf, will review the submitted information and make a determination on a pre-notification request within 15 days of receipt of the pre-notification request and all supporting documentation. If a dditional records are necessary to process the pre-notification request, the Plan Administrator or its designee will notify the Covered Person or the Physician. The time for making a determination on the request will be deferred from the date that the additional information is requested until the date that the information is received.

The Physician and Covered Person will be provided notice of the Plan's determination. If the pre-notification request is denied, written notice will provide the reason for the adverse pre-notification determination.

As a reminder, a pre-notification of services by CareLink is not a determination by the Plan that a Claim will be paid.

The Plan offers a one-level review procedure for adverse pre-notification determinations. The request for reconsideration must be submitted in writing within 30 days of the receipt of the adverse pre-notification determination and include a statement as to why the Covered Person disagrees with the adverse pre-notification determination. The Covered Person may include any additional documentation, medical records, and/or letters from the Covered Person's treating Physician(s). The request for reconsideration should be addressed to:

CareLink Attn: Appeals 7400 West Campus Rd. New Albany, OH 43054

The Plan Administrator or its designee will perform the reconsideration review. The Plan Administrator or its designee will review the information initially received and any additional information provided by the Covered Person, and determine if the pre-notification determination was appropriate. If the adverse pre-notification determination was based upon the medical necessity, the Experimental/ Investigational nature of the treatment, service or supply or an equivalent exclusion, the Plan may consult with a health care professional who has the appropriate training and experience in the applicable field of medicine. Written or electronic notice of the determination upon reconsideration will be provided within 30 days of the receipt of the request for reconsideration.

CASE MANAGEMENT

If a Covered Person has an ongoing medical condition or catastrophic Illness, a Case Manager may be assigned to monitor this Covered Person, and to work with the attending Physician and Covered Person to design a treatment plan and coordinate appropriate Medically Necessary care. The Case Manager will consult with the Covered Person, the family, and the attending Physician in order to assist in coordinating the plan of care approved by the Covered Person's attending Physician and the Covered Person.

This plan of care may include some or all of the following:

- Individualized support to the patient;
- Contacting the family to offer assistance for coordination of medical care needs;
- Monitoring response to treatment;
- Evaluating outcomes; and
- Assisting in obtaining any necessary equipment and services.

Case Management is not a requirement of the Plan. There are no reductions of benefits or penalties if the Covered Person and family choose not to participate.

Each treatment plan is individualized to a specific Covered Person and is not appropriate or recommended for any other patient, even one with the same diagnosis. All treatment and care decisions will be the sole determination of the Covered Person and the attending Physician.

MATERNITY MANAGEMENT PROGRAM

Maternity Management Program is an educational and empowerment program for eligible female Employees and Dependents.

This program provides a means to positively affect a Pregnancy and the health of the baby.

A CareLink nurse will set up a confidential, personal telephone interview to identify medical history and lifestyles that could have an impact on the outcome of the Pregnancy.

A CareLink nurse is available to assist and coordinate high risk aspects of maternity care. This includes providing information such as access to educational programs and community resources designed to meet the needs identified by the patient or Physician.

Notification Requirements: The Covered Person needs to notify CareLink during the first trimester of her Pregnancy.

DEFINED TERMS

The following terms have special meanings and when used in this Plan will be capitalized.

Active Employee is an Employee who is on the regular payroll of the Employer and who has begun to perform the duties of his or her job with the Employer on a full-time basis.

Allowable Charge. Allowable Charge means the amount for a treatment, service or supply that is the negotiated amount established by a provider network arrangement or other discounting or negotiated arrangement.

For Covered Charges rendered by a Physician, Hospital or ancillary provider in a geographic area where applicable law or a governmental authority directs the amount to be paid, the Allowable Charge will mean the amount established by applicable law or governmental authority for the Covered Charge.

In the absence of such network arrangement, negotiated arrangement, controlling law or governmental directive that establishes the amount to be paid, the Allowable Charge will mean: (i) an amount that does not exceed billed charges for the same treatment, service or supply furnished in the same geographic area by a provider of like services; and (ii) a reasonable amount established solely and exclusively by the Plan Administrator or its designee; and (iii) (except in circumstances where a provider network arrangement, other discounting or negotiated arrangement is established), an amount that does not exceed two hundred percent (200%) of the Medicare allowed amount, if any.

Applied Behavioral Analysis, also known as Lovaas therapy, is therapy provided by an individual who is licensed by the behavior analyst certification board or is certified by the Department of Public Health and Human Services as a family support specialist with an autism endorsement.

For purposes of Applied Behavioral Analysis, care shall include Medically Necessary interactive therapies derived from evidence-based research, discrete trial training, pivotal response training, intensive intervention programs, and early intensive behavioral intervention.

Birthing Center means any freestanding health facility, place, professional office or institution which is not a Hospital or in a Hospital, where births occur in a home-like atmosphere. This facility must be licensed and operated in accordance with the laws pertaining to Birthing Centers in the jurisdiction where the facility is located.

The Birthing Center must provide facilities for obstetrical delivery and short-term recovery after delivery; provide care under the full-time supervision of a Physician and either a registered nurse (R.N.) or a licensed nurse-midwife; and have a written agreement with a Hospital in the same locality for immediate acceptance of patients who develop complications or require pre- or post-delivery confinement.

Brand Name means a trade name medication.

Calendar Year means January 1st through December 31st of the same year.

COBRA means the Consolidated Omnibus Budget Reconciliation Act of 1985, as amended.

Complications of Pregnancy are determined as follows:

These conditions are included before the Pregnancy ends: acute nephritis; ectopic Pregnancy; miscarriage; nephrosis; cardiac decompensation; missed abortion; hyperemesis gravidarum; and eclampsia of Pregnancy.

Other Pregnancy related conditions will be covered that are as medically severe as those listed.

These conditions **are not** considered a Complication of Pregnancy: false labor; occasional spotting; rest during Pregnancy even if prescribed by a Physician; morning sickness; or like conditions that are not medically termed as Complications of Pregnancy.

Covered Charge(s) means those Medically Necessary services or supplies that are covered under this Plan.

Covered Person is an Employee or Dependent who is covered under this Plan.

Custodial Care is care (including Room and Board needed to provide that care) that is given principally for personal hygiene or for assistance in daily activities and can, according to generally accepted medical standards, be performed by persons who have no medical training. Examples of Custodial Care are help in walking and getting out of bed; assistance in bathing, dressing, feeding; or supervision over medication which could normally be self-administered.

Durable Medical Equipment means equipment which (a) can withstand repeated use, (b) is primarily and customarily used to serve a medical purpose, (c) generally is not useful to a person in the absence of an Illness or Injury and (d) is appropriate for use in the home.

Emergency Services means a medical screening examination (as required under Section 1867 of the Social Security Act (EMTALA)) within the capability of the Hospital emergency department, including routine ancillary services, to evaluate a Medical Emergency and such further medical examination and treatment as are within the capabilities of the staff and facilities of the Hospital and required under EMTALA to stabilize the patient.

Employee means a person who is classified by his Employer as an Active, common law employee.

Employer is Rocky Mountain College.

ERISA is the Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974, as amended.

Essential Health Benefits include, to the extent they are covered under the Plan, ambulatory patient services; emergency services; hospitalization; maternity and newborn care; mental health and substance use disorder services, including behavioral health treatment; prescription drugs; rehabilitative and habilitative services and devices; laboratory services; preventive and wellness services and chronic disease management; and pediatric services, including oral and vision care.

Experimental and/or Investigational means services, supplies, care and treatment which does not constitute accepted medical practice properly within the range of appropriate medical practice under the standards of the case and by the standards of a reasonably substantial, qualified, responsible, relevant segment of the medical community or government oversight agencies at the time services were rendered.

The Plan Administrator must make an independent evaluation of the experimental/nonexperimental standings of specific technologies. The Plan Administrator shall be guided by a reasonable interpretation of Plan provisions and has discretionary authority to make determinations which drugs, services, supplies, care and or/treatment shall be considered experimental or investigational. The decisions shall be made in good faith and rendered following a detailed factual background investigation of the claim and the proposed treatment. The decision of the Plan Administrator will be final and binding on the Plan. The Plan Administrator will be guided by the following principles:

- (1) if the drug or device cannot be lawfully marketed without approval of the U.S. Food and Drug Administration and approval for marketing has not been given at the time the drug or device is furnished; or
- if the drug, device, medical treatment or procedure, or the patient informed consent document utilized with the drug, device, treatment or procedure, was reviewed and approved by the treating facility's Institutional Review Board or other body serving a similar function, or if federal law requires such review or approval; or
- (3) except as provided under the Clinical Trial benefit in the Medical Benefits section of the Covered Charges section, if Reliable Evidence shows that the drug, device, medical treatment or procedure is the subject of on-going phase I or phase II clinical trials, is the research, experimental, study or Investigational arm of on-going phase III clinical trials, or is otherwise under study to determine its maximum tolerated dose, its toxicity, its safety, its efficacy or its efficacy as compared with a standard means of treatment or diagnosis; or
- if Reliable Evidence shows that the prevailing opinion among experts regarding the drug, device, medical treatment or procedure is that further studies or clinical trials are necessary to determine its

maximum tolerated dose, its toxicity, its safety, its efficacy or its efficacy as compared with a standard means of treatment or diagnosis.

Reliable Evidence shall mean only published reports and articles in the authoritative medical and scientific literature; the written protocol or protocols used by the treating facility or the protocol(s) of another facility studying substantially the same drug, service, medical treatment or procedure; or the written informed consent used by the treating facility or by another facility studying substantially the same drug, device, medical treatment or procedure.

Drugs are considered Experimental if they are not commercially available for purchase and/or they are not approved by the Food and Drug Administration for general use.

Family Unit is the covered Employee and the family members who are covered as Dependents under the Plan.

Formulary means a list of prescription medications of safe, effective therapeutic drugs specifically covered by this Plan.

Foster Child means a child who meets the eligibility requirements shown in the Dependent Eligibility Section of this Plan for whom a covered Employee has assumed a legal obligation in connection with the child's placement with a state, county or private foster care agency.

A covered Foster Child is <u>not</u> a child temporarily living in the covered Employee's home; one placed in the covered Employee's home by a social service a gency which retains control of the child; or whose natural parent(s) may exercise or share parental responsibility and control.

Generic drug means a Prescription Drug which has the equivalency of the Brand Name drug with the same use and metabolic disintegration. This Plan will consider as a Generic drug any Food and Drug Administration approved Generic pharmaceutical dispensed according to the professional standards of a licensed pharmacist and clearly designated by the pharmacist as being Generic.

Genetic Information means information about the genetic tests of an individual or his family members, and information about the manifestations of disease or disorder in family members of the individual. A "genetic test" means an analysis of human DNA, RNA, chromosomes, proteins or metabolites, which detects genotypes, mutations or chromosomal changes. It does not mean an analysis of proteins or metabolites that is directly related to a manifested disease, disorder or pathological condition that could reasonably be detected by a health care professional with appropriate training and expertise in the field of medicine involved. Genetic information does not include information about the age or gender of an individual.

This Plan complies with the Genetic Information Nondiscrimination Act.

Home Health Care Agency is an organization that meets all of these tests: its main function is to provide Home Health Care Services and Supplies; it is federally certified as a Home Health Care Agency; and it is licensed by the state in which it is located, if licensing is required.

Home Health Care Plan must meet these tests: it must be a formal written plan made by the patient's attending Physician which is reviewed at least every 30 days; it must state the diagnosis; and it must specify the type and extent of Home Health Care required for the treatment of the patient.

Home Health Care Services and Supplies include: part-time or intermittent nursing care by or under the supervision of a registered nurse (R.N.); part-time or intermittent home health aide services provided through a Home Health Care Agency (this does not include general housekeeping services); physical, occupational and speech therapy; medical supplies; and laboratory services by or on behalf of the Hospital.

Hospice Agency is an organization where its main function is to provide Hospice Care Services and Supplies and it is licensed by the state in which it is located, if licensing is required.

Hospice Care Plan is a plan of terminal patient care that is established and conducted by a Hospice Agency and supervised by a Physician.

Hospice Care Services and Supplies are those provided through a Hospice Agency and under a Hospice Care Plan and include inpatient care in a Hospice Unit or other licensed facility, home care, and family counseling during the bereavement period.

Hospice Unit is a facility or separate Hospital Unit that provides treatment under a Hospice Care Plan and admits at least two unrelated persons who are expected to die within six months.

Hospital is an institution that is engaged primarily in providing medical care and treatment of sick and injured persons on an inpatient basis at the patient's expense and that fully meets these tests: it is approved by Medicare as a Hospital; it maintains diagnostic and therapeutic facilities on the premises for surgical and medical diagnosis and treatment of sick and injured persons by or under the supervision of a staff of Physicians; it continuously provides on the premises 24-hour nursing services by or under the supervision of registered nurses (R.N.s); and it is operated continuously with organized facilities for operative surgery on the premises.

The definition of "Hospital" shall be expanded to include the following:

- A facility operating legally as a psychiatric Hospitalor residential treatment facility for mental health and licensed as such by the state in which the facility operates.
- A facility operating primarily for the treatment of Substance Abuse if it has received accreditation from Commission of Accreditation of Rehabilitation Facilities (CARF) or The Joint Commission (TJC) or if it meets these tests: maintains permanent and full-time facilities for bed care and full-time confinement of at least 15 resident patients; has a Physician in regular attendance; continuously provides 24-hour nursing service by a registered nurse (R.N.); has a full-time psychiatrist or psychologist on the staff; and is primarily engaged in providing diagnostic and therapeutic services and facilities for treatment of Substance Abuse.

Illness means a bodily disorder, disease, physical sickness or Mental Disorder. Illness includes Pregnancy, childbirth, miscarriage or Complications of Pregnancy.

Infertility means incapable of producing offspring.

Injury means an accidental physical Injury to the body caused by unexpected external means.

Intensive Care Unit is defined as a separate, clearly designated service area which is maintained within a Hospital solely for the care and treatment of patients who are critically ill. This also includes what is referred to as a "coronary care unit" or an "acute care unit." It has: facilities for special nursing care not available in regular rooms and wards of the Hospital; special lifesaving equipment which is immediately available at all times; at least two beds for the accommodation of the critically ill; and at least one registered nurse (R.N.) in continuous and constant attendance 24 hours a day.

Late Enrollee means a Plan Participant who enrolls under the Plan other than during the initial period in which the individual is eligible to enroll under the Plan or during a Special Enrollment Period.

Legal Guardian means a person recognized by a court of law as having the duty of taking care of the person and managing the property and rights of a minor child.

Lifetime is a word that appears in the Plan in reference to benefit maximums and limitations. Lifetimes is understood to mean while covered under this Plan. Under no circumstance does Lifetime mean during the lifetime of the Covered Persons.

Medical Emergency means a medical condition manifesting itself by acute symptoms of sufficient severity including severe pain such that a prudent layperson with a verage knowledge of health and medicine could reasonably expect the absence of immediate medical attention to result in (1) serious jeopardy to the health of an individual (or, in the case of a pregnant woman, the health of the woman or her unborn child), (2) serious impairment to body functions, or (3) serious dysfunction of any body organ or part. A Medical Emergency includes such conditions as heart attacks, cardiovascular accidents, poisonings, loss of consciousness or respiration, convulsions or other such acute medical conditions.

Medical Non-Emergency Care means care which can safely and adequately be provided other than in a Hospital.

Medically Necessary or Medical Necessity care and treatment is recommended or approved by a Physician; is consistent with the patient's condition or accepted standards of good medical practice; is medically proven to be effective treatment of the condition; is not performed mainly for the convenience of the patient or provider of medical services; and is the most appropriate level of services which can be safely provided to the patient.

All of these criteria must be met; merely because a Physician recommends or approves certain care does not mean that it is Medically Necessary.

The Plan Administrator has the discretionary authority to decide whether care or treatment is Medically Necessary.

Medicare is the Health Insurance For The Aged and Disabled program under Title XVIII of the Social Security Act, as amended.

Mental Disorder means any disease or condition, regardless of whether the cause is organic, that is classified as a Mental Disorder in the current edition of <u>International Classification of Diseases</u>, published by the U.S. Department of Health and Human Services or is listed in the current edition of <u>Diagnostic and Statistical Manual of Mental Disorders</u>, published by the American Psychiatric Association.

No-Fault Auto Insurance is the basic reparations provision of a law providing for payments without determining fault in connection with automobile accidents.

Outpatient Care and/or Services is treatment including services, supplies and medicines provided and used at a Hospital under the direction of a Physician to a person not admitted as a registered bed patient; or services rendered in a Physician's office, laboratory or X-ray facility, an Outpatient Surgical Center, or the patient's home.

Outpatient Surgical Center is a licensed facility that is used mainly for performing outpatient surgery, has a staff of Physicians, has continuous Physician and nursing care by registered nurses (R.N.s) and does not provide for overnight stays.

Pharmacy means a licensed establishment where covered Prescription Drugs are filled and dispensed by a pharmacist licensed under the laws of the state where he or she practices.

Physician means a Doctor of Medicine (M.D.), Doctor of Osteopathy (D.O.), Doctor of Podiatry (D.P.M.), Doctor of Chiropractic (D.C.), Physician Assistant (P.A.), Advanced Practice Registered Nurse (APRN), Audiologist, Certified Nurse Anesthetist, Licensed Professional Counselor, Licensed Professional Physical Therapist, Master of Social Work (M.S.W.), Midwife, Occupational Therapist, Physiotherapist, Psychiatrist, Psychologist (Ph.D.), Speech Language Pathologist and any other practitioner of the healing arts who is licensed and regulated by a state or federal agency and is acting within the scope of his or her license.

Plan means Rocky Mountain College Health Plan, which is a benefits plan for certain Employees of Rocky Mountain College and is described in this document.

Plan of Care is a written plan that describes the services being provided and any applicable short term and long term goals, specific treatment techniques, anticipated frequency and duration of treatment, and/or treatment protocol for the Covered Person's specific condition. The Plan of Care must be written or approved by a Physician and updated as the Covered Person's condition changes.

Plan Participant is any Employee or Dependent who is covered under this Plan.

Plan Year is the 12-month period beginning on July 1 and ending on the following June 30.

Prescription Drug means any of the following: a Food and Drug Administration-approved drug or medicine which, under federal law, is required to bear the legend: "Caution: federal law prohibits dispensing without prescription"; injectable insulin; hypodermic needles or syringes, but only when dispensed upon a written prescription of a licensed Physician. Such drug must be Medically Necessary in the treatment of a Sickness or Injury.

Sickness is a Covered Person's Illness, disease or Pregnancy (including complications).

Skilled Nursing Facility is a facility that fully meets all of these tests:

- (1) It is licensed to provide professional nursing services on an inpatient basis to persons convalescing from Injury or Sickness. The service must be rendered by a registered nurse (R.N.) or by a licensed practical nurse (L.P.N.) under the direction of a registered nurse. Services to help restore patients to self-care in essential daily living activities must be provided.
- (2) Its services are provided for compensation and under the full-time supervision of a Physician.
- (3) It provides 24 hour nursing services by licensed nurses, under the direction of a full-time registered nurse.
- (4) It maintains a complete medical record on each patient.
- (5) It has an effective utilization review plan.
- (6) It is not, other than incidentally, a place for rest, the aged, Custodial or educational care.
- (7) It is approved and licensed by Medicare.

This term also applies to charges incurred in a facility referring to itself as an extended care facility, convalescent nursing home, rehabilitation hospital, long-term acute care facility or any other similar nomenclature.

Spinal Manipulation/Chiropractic Care means skeletal adjustments, manipulation or other treatment in connection with the detection and correction by manual or mechanical means of structural imbalance or subluxation in the human body. Such treatment is done by a Physician to remove nerve interference resulting from, or related to, distortion, misalignment or subluxation of, or in, the vertebral column.

Substance Abuse is regular excessive compulsive drinking of alcohol and/or physical habitual dependence on drugs. This does not include dependence on ordinary caffeine-containing drinks.

Note that tobacco/nicotine use screening and cessation interventions are included as part of the Preventive Care Benefits as provided by the Plan.

Total Disability (Totally Disabled) means: In the case of a Dependent, the complete inability as a result of Injury or Sickness to perform the normal activities of a person of like age and sex in good health.

Urgent Care Services means care and treatment for an Illness, Injury or condition serious enough that a reasonable person would seek care right away, but not so severe as to require emergency room services.

PLAN EXCLUSIONS

Note: All exclusions related to Prescription Drugs are shown in the Prescription Drug Plan.

For all Medical Benefits shown in the Schedule of Benefits, a charge for the following is not covered:

- (1) Alternative care. Biofeedback, massage therapy, homeopathy, hypnotherapy, rolfing, holistic medicine, and self-help programs.
- (2) Coding Guidelines. Charges for inappropriate coding in accordance to the industry standard guidelines in effect at the time services were received.
- (3) Complications of non-covered treatments. Care, services or treatment required as a result of complications from a treatment not covered under the Plan are not covered.
- (4) Cosmetic Procedures. Any surgery or procedure, the primary purpose of which is to improve or change the appearance of any portion of the body, but which does not restore bodily function, correct a disease state, or improve a physiological function. Cosmetic Procedures include cosmetic surgery, reconstructive surgery, pharmacological services, nutritional regimens or other services for beautification, or treatment relating to the consequences of, or as a result of, Cosmetic Surgery (including reimplantation). This exclusion includes, but is not limited to, surgery to correct gynecomastia and breast augmentation procedures, and otoplasties. This exclusion does not apply to surgery to restore function if the body area has been altered by injury, disease, trauma, congenital/developmental anomalies, or previous covered therapeutic processes.
- (5) Counseling. Care and treatment for marital, pre-marital or religious counseling.
- (6) Custodial care. Services or supplies provided mainly as a rest cure, maintenance, Custodial Care or domiciliary care consisting chiefly of room and board, except as specifically stated as a benefit under this Plan.
- (7) **Dental services.** Care, treatment, services and supplies in connection with dental treatment, except as specifically stated as a benefit under this Plan.
- (8) Educational or vocational testing. Services for educational or vocational testing or training, except as specifically stated as a benefit under this Plan.
- (9) Excess charges. The part of an expense for care and treatment of an Injury or Sickness that is in excess of the Allowable Charge.
- (10) Exercise programs. Exercise programs for treatment of any condition, except for Physician-supervised cardiac rehabilitation, occupational or physical therapy if covered by this Plan.
- (11) Experimental or not Medically Necessary. Care and treatment that is either Experimental/
 Investigational or not Medically Necessary, except as specifically stated under the Clinical Trials section of this Plan.
- (12) Eye care. Radial keratotomy or other eye surgery to correct refractive disorders. Also, routine eye examinations, including refractions, lenses for the eyes and exams for their fitting. This exclusion does not apply to aphakic patients and soft lenses or sclera shells intended for use as corneal bandages.
- (13) Routine **foot care.** Treatment of weak, strained, flat, unstable or unbalanced feet, metatarsalgia or bunions (except open cutting operations), and treatment of corns, calluses or toenails (unless needed in treatment of a metabolic or peripheral-vascular disease or as otherwise deemed Medically Necessary).
- (14) Foreign travel. Care, treatment or supplies out of the U.S. if travel is for the sole purpose of obtaining medical services.

- (15) Government coverage. Care, treatment or supplies furnished by a program or agency funded by any government. This exclusion does not apply to Medicaid or when otherwise prohibited by applicable law.
- (16) Hair loss. Care and treatment for hair loss including wigs, hair transplants or any drug that promises hair growth, whether or not prescribed by a Physician, except for wigs after chemotherapy or radiation treatment.
- (17) Hazardous Pursuit, Hobby or Activity. Injury or Sickness that results from engaging in a hazardous pursuit, hobby or activity. A pursuit, hobby or activity is hazardous if it involves or exposes an individual to risk of a degree or nature not customarily undertaken in the course of the Covered Person's customary occupation or if it involves leisure time activities commonly considered as involving unusual or exceptional risks, characterized by a constant threat of danger or risk of bodily harm including but not limited to: hang gliding, skydiving, bungee jumping, parasailing, use of all terrain vehicles, rock climbing, use of explosives, automobile racing, motorcycle racing, aircraft racing, or speed boat racing, reckless operation of a vehicle or other machinery, and travel to countries with advisory warnings.
- (18) Hearing aids and exams. Charges for services or supplies in connection with hearing aids or exams for their fitting.
- (19) Hospital employees. Professional services billed by a Physician or nurse who is an employee of a Hospital or Skilled Nursing Facility and paid by the Hospital or facility for the service.
- (20) Illegal acts. Charges for services received as a result of an Illness or Injury occurring directly, or indirectly as a result of a serious criminal act, or a riot or public disturbance, or regardless of causation, if such Illness or Injury occurs in connection with, or while engaged in, or attempting to engage in, a serious criminal act, or a riot or public disturbance. For the purposes of this exclusion, the term "serious criminal act" shall mean any act or series of acts by the Plan Participant, or by the Plan Participant in concert with another or others, for which, if prosecuted as a criminal offense, a sentence to a term of imprisonment in excess of one year could be imposed. For this exclusion to apply, it is not necessary that criminal charges be filed, or if filed, that a conviction result, or that a sentence of imprisonment for a term in excess of one year be imposed.

With respect to any Injury which is otherwise covered by the Plan, the Plan will not deny benefits otherwise provided for treatment of the Injury if the Injury results from being the victim of an act of domestic violence or a documented medical condition. The Plan also maintains discretionary authority in cases involving alcohol while complying with all mental health, domestic violence, or substance abuse requirements as deemed necessary by law.

- (21) Impotence. Care, treatment, services, supplies or medication in connection with treatment for impotence or sexual dysfunction.
- **Incarcerated.** Care, treatment, services, and supplies incurred and/or provided to a Covered Person by a government entity while housed in a governmental institution.
- (23) Incurred by Other Persons. Injuries or Illnesses that are actually incurred by other persons.
- (24) Mailing or Sales Tax. Charges for mailing, shipping, handling, postage, conveyance and/or sales tax.
- (25) Negligence. Injuries resulting from negligence, misfeasance, malfeasance, nonfeasance or malpractice on the part of any caregiver, institution, or provider, as determined by the Plan Administrator, in its discretion, in light of applicable laws and evidence available to the Plan Administrator.
- (26) No charge. Care and treatment for which there would not have been a charge if no coverage had been in force.
- (27) Non-emergency Hospital admissions. Care and treatment billed by a Hospital for non-Medical Emergency admissions on a Friday or a Saturday. This does not apply if surgery is performed within 24 hours of admission.

- (28) No obligation to pay. Charges incurred for which the Plan has no legal obligation to pay.
- (29) No Physician recommendation. Care, treatment, services or supplies not recommended and approved by a Physician; or treatment, services or supplies when the Covered Person is not under the regular care of a Physician. Regular care means ongoing medical supervision or treatment which is appropriate care for the Injury or Sickness.
- (30) Not Acceptable as standard practice by the American Medical Association (AMA), American Dental Association (ADA), or the Food and Drug Administration (FDA).
- (31) Nonsurgical treatment for malocclusion of the jaw, including services for temporomandibular joint dysfunction, anterior or internal dislocations, derangements and myofascial pain syndrome, orthodontics (dentofacial orthopedics), or related appliances
- (32) Not specified as covered. Non-traditional medical services, treatments and supplies which are not specified as covered under this Plan.
- (33) Obesity. Care and treatment of obesity, weight loss or dietary control whether or not it is, in any case, a part of the treatment plan for another Sickness is excluded, except as specifically stated as a benefit under this Plan.
- (34) Occupational Injury. Care and treatment of an Injury or Sickness that is occupational that is, arises from work for wage or profit and for which the Plan Participant is eligible to receive benefits under any Worker's Compensation or occupational disease law.
 - However, this exclusion will also apply in the event the Plan Participant was eligible to receive such Worker's Compensation benefits and failed to properly file a claim for such benefits or to comply with any other provision of the law to obtain such benefits.
- (35) Personal comfort items. Personal comfort items, patient convenience items, or other equipment, such as, but not limited to, air conditioners, air-purification units, humidifiers, electric heating units, orthopedic mattresses, blood pressure instruments, scales, elastic bandages or stockings, nonprescription drugs and medicines, girdles, corsets, abdominal binders and belts, first-aid supplies and nonhospital adjustable beds.
- (36) Plan design excludes. Charges excluded by the Plan design as mentioned in this document or that exceeds the limits as shown under this Plan...
- (37) Private duty nursing. Charges in connection with care, treatment or services of a private duty nurse.
- (38) Provider Error. Charges that are required as a result of unreasonable Provider error.
- (39) Relative giving services. Professional services performed by a person who ordinarily resides in the Covered Person's home or is related to the Covered Person as a Spouse, parent, child, brother or sister, whether the relationship is by blood or exists in law.
- (40) Replacement braces. Replacement of braces of the leg, arm, back, neck, or artificial arms or legs, unless there is sufficient change in the Covered Person's physical condition to make the original device no longer functional.
- (41) Routine care. Charges for routine or periodic examinations, screening examinations, evaluation procedures, preventive medical care, or treatment or services not directly related to the diagnosis or treatment of a specific Injury, Sickness or Pregnancy-related condition which is known or reasonably suspected, unless such care is specifically covered in the Schedule of Benefits or required by applicable law.

- (42) Services before or after coverage. Care, treatment or supplies for which a charge was incurred before a person was covered under this Plan or after coverage ceased under this Plan.
- (43) Temporomandibular Joint Syndrome. All diagnostic and treatment services related to the treatment of jaw joint problems including temporomandibular joint (TMJ) syndrome, except as specifically stated as a benefit under this Plan.
- (44) Travel or accommodations. Charges for travel or accommodations except for ambulance charges as defined as a Covered Charge. In the event a Covered Person travels for care, the Plan would have the discretion to cover travel related expenses if the travel was part of a cost mitigation strategy.
- (45) Unreasonable. Charges that are not reasonable in nature or in charge (see definition of Allowable Charge), or are required to treat Illness or Injuries arising from and due to a Provider's error, wherein such Illness, Injury, infection or complication is not reasonably expected to occur. This Exclusion will apply to expenses directly or indirectly resulting from circumstances that, in the opinion of the Plan Administrator in its sole discretion, gave rise to the expense and are not generally foreseeable or expected amongst professionals practicing the same or similar type(s) of medicine as the treating Provider whose error caused the loss(es).
- (46) War. Any loss that is due to a declared or undeclared act of war.

Claims should be received by the Claims Administrator within 365 days from the date charges for the services were incurred. Benefits are based on the Plan's provisions in effect at the time the charges were incurred. Claims received later than that date will be denied.

The Plan Participant must provide sufficient documentation (as determined by the Claims Administrator) to support a Claim for benefits. The Plan reserves the right to have a Plan Participant seek a second medical opinion.

Before filing a lawsuit, the Claimant must exhaust all available levels of review as described in Internal and External Claims Review Procedures, unless an exception under applicable law applies. A legal action to obtain benefits must be commenced within one year of the date of the Notice of Determination on the final level of internal or external review, whichever is applicable.

PRESCRIPTION DRUG BENEFITS

Pharmacy Drug Charge

Prescription drug coverage for Plan Participants is administered by SmithRx, which is a Pharmacy benefits manager. SmithRx provides a nationwide network of network Pharmacies and a drug formulary. The presence of a drug on this formulary does not guarantee coverage and the drugs listed on the formulary are subject to change. To find out if a medication is covered under the Plan, visit the member portal at www.mysmithrx.com or call (844) 454-5201 for the most current formulary information.

Copayments

The copayment is applied to each covered Pharmacy drug charge and is shown in the Schedule of Benefits. The copayment amount is a Covered Charge under the medical Plan.

Any one retail Pharmacy prescription is available up to a 90-day supply.

This plan requires the pharmacist to fill the prescription with a generic product whenever it is available, unless the prescription is written as Dispense as Written. If the prescription is not specified as Dispense as Written and the prescription is filled with a name brand prescription at the Plan participant's request, then the copay plus the difference between the ingredient cost of the generic drug and the brand name drug will be charged.

If a drug is purchased from a non-network Pharmacy, or a network Pharmacy when the Plan Participant's ID card is not used, the Plan Participant will be required to pay 100% of the total cost at the point of sale, no discount will be given, and the Plan Participant will be required to submit the prescription receipt to SmithRx for reimbursement. Reimbursement is up to the network Pharmacy Allowable Charge minus any applicable copayment as shown in the Schedule of Benefits. The contracted rate will not be applied to compound drugs, urgent/emergency claims, or foreign claims, the applicable copayment as shown in the Schedule of Benefits will apply.

If a drug is purchased and this Plan is secondary, the Plan Participant will be required to submit the prescription receipt to SmithRx for reimbursement. Reimbursement is up to the network Pharmacy Allowable Charge minus any applicable copayment as shown in the Schedule of Benefits.

At select Network Pharmacies, the Plan Participant will be able to obtain a 90-day supply, per prescription, at the same copayment level as the mail order benefit (as shown in the Schedule of Benefits). For additional information or a current list of these select Network Pharmacies, please contact SmithRx toll-free at (844) 454-5201.

miRx Mail Order Drug Benefit Option

The mail order drug benefit option is available for maintenance medications (those that are taken for long periods of time, such as drugs sometimes prescribed for heart disease, high blood pressure, asthma, etc.). Because of volume buying, the mail order Pharmacy is able to offer Plan Participants significant savings on their prescriptions. The mail order Pharmacy is subject to change.

The copayment is applied to each covered mail order drug charge and is shown in the Schedule of Benefits. The copayment amount is not a Covered Charge under the medical Plan.

Any one mail order prescription is available up to a 90-day supply.

Specialty Pharmacy Program - Ridgeway Pharmacy through SmithRx

Specialty medications are high-cost injectables, infused, oral, or inhaled medications prescribed in the treatment of chronic disease conditions (e.g., Chronic Kidney Disease, Crohn's Disease, Multiple Sclerosis, or Osteoarthritis). This Plan offers a program for specialty medications that can provide Plan Participants with greater convenience, including express delivery, follow-up care calls, expert counseling, and superior service.

Any one specialty prescription is limited to a 30-day supply. All prescriptions are subject to the terms, limitations, and exclusions as set forth this Plan.

Step Therapy Program

Step Therapy is a process that requires the use of one or more first line agents before a medication which is part of a step therapy protocol can be utilized.

The goal of step therapy is to ensure that safe and cost effective medications are used, based on recognized treatment guidelines and well documented clinical studies. This means that in some instances the Plan Participant will need to try one or more medications which are considered first line before he/she is able to receive a "second step" medication through his/her Pharmacy benefit plan.

For a complete list of medications that are subject to Step Therapy protocols, contact SmithRx Customer Care toll-free at (844) 454-5201.

What happens when a medication is Medically Necessary but it is a part of a Step Therapy protocol? If it is Medically Necessary for the Plan Participant to receive a "second step" medication before any "first step" medications have been tried, the Plan Participant's Physician may request coverage of the medication as a medical exception.

Covered Prescription Drugs

Note: Some quantity limitations and/or prior authorization may be required.

- (1) All drugs prescribed by a Physician that require a prescription either by federal or state law. This excludes any drugs stated as not covered under this Plan.
- (2) All compounded prescriptions containing at least one prescription ingredient in a therapeutic quantity.
- (3) Insulin and other diabetic supplies, including blood glucose monitors, when prescribed by a Physician.
- (4) Physician prescribed blood glucose monitor.
- (5) Injectable drugs or any prescription directing administration by injection.
- (6) Topical and oral acne medications, through a ge 35; thereafter prior authorization is required.
- (7) Physician-prescribed over-the-counter products designated by SmithRx such as expectorant drugs, antihistamine, certain vitamins, gastroesophageal reflux disease (GERD), and acid reflux disease.

The following will be covered at 100 %, no deductible or copayment required for formulary drugs.

Benefits may be subject to prescription formulary and/or quantity limitations. Non-formulary prescriptions may be payable subject to the applicable prescription copayment as shown in the Schedule of Benefits. Contact SmithRx Customer Care toll-free at (844) 454-5201 to request coverage of the medication as a non-formulary medical exception.

• Physician-prescribed **contraceptive** methods (Food and Drug Administration (FDA) approved) including but not limited to oral contraceptive medications, transdermals, devices (diaphragms, cervical caps, and intra-uterine devices (IUDs)), vaginal contraceptives, implantables, injectables, female condoms, spermicides, and sponges for all female Plan Participants with reproductive capacity.

Refer to the Medical Benefits section of this Plan regarding additional coverage for intrauterine devices (IUDs), implantables, and injectables.

- Physician-prescribed tobacco/nicotine cessation products. Physician-prescribed tobacco/nicotine replacement products (such as nicotine patch, gum, lozenges, sprays) and Physician-prescribed medications (such as Zyban, Chantix). Tobacco/nicotine cessation products are not subject to supply limitations.
- Additional Physician-prescribed medications as recommended by the U.S. Preventive Services Task Force (USPSTF) grades A and B recommendations will be covered at 100%, no prescription copayment, coinsurance or deductible will be required, and will only be available when utilizing a Network Pharmacy.

Please note, the USPSTF grades A and B recommendations are subject to change as new medications become a vailable and other recommendations may change. Coverage of new recommended medications will be available following the one-year anniversary date of the adoption of the USPSTF grade A and B recommendation.

Refer to the following link for more information regarding USPSTF grade A and B recommendations or contact SmithRx for more information regarding which medications are available.

Note: Age and/or quantity limitations may apply:

http://www.uspreventiveservicestaskforce.org/Page/Name/uspstf-a-and-b-recommendations

• Certain vaccinations/immunizations as recommended by applicable federal law will be covered only when rendered through a network Pharmacy. Please note: Not all network Pharmacies may be providing vaccinations/immunizations or may vary in what they offer. It is important to check with the network Pharmacy to determine a vailability, age restrictions, any prescription requirements or hours of service. Please contact SmithRx toll-free at (844)454-5201 for more information regarding this benefit.

HDHP Expanded List of Preventive Drugs

This Plan includes coverage of an expanded list of preventive drugs at reduced cost-share amounts as shown in the Prescription Drug Benefit Schedule.

The SmithRx expanded list of Standard Preventive medications is prescribed to:

- Prevent the occurrence of a disease or condition for individuals with risk factors; or
- Prevent the recurrence of a disease or condition for individuals who have recovered.

Preventive medications do not include drugs used to treat an existing Illness, Injury or condition.

Preventive Drug retail Pharmacy or mail order Pharmacy prescriptions are available in a 90-day supply per prescription.

For more information on Preventive drugs, contact **SmithRx** toll-free at (844) 454-5201, or access their website through www.mysmithrx.com.

Limits To This Benefit

This benefit applies only when a Plan Participant incurs a covered Prescription Drug charge. The covered drug charge for any one prescription will be limited to:

- (1) Refills only up to the number of times specified by a Physician.
- (2) Refills up to one year from the date of order by a Physician.

Expenses Not Covered

This benefit will not cover a charge for any of the following:

- (1) Administration. Any charge for the administration of a covered Prescription Drug.
- (2) Appetite suppressants, dietary supplements or vitamin supplements, except for legend oral vitamins or prenatal vitamins requiring a prescription. Benefits may be available under the Medical Benefits of this Plan for treatment of Morbid Obesity.
- (3) Consumed on premises. Any drug or medicine that is consumed or administered at the place where it is dispensed.
- (4) Devices. Devices of any type, even though such devices may require a prescription. These include (but are not limited to) therapeutic devices, insulin pumps and supplies, artificial appliances, braces, support garments, or any similar device. These may be considered Covered Charges under the Medical Benefits section of this Plan.
- (5) **Drugs used for cosmetic purposes.** Charges for drugs used for cosmetic purposes, such as anabolic steroids or medications for hair growth or removal.
- (6) Experimental. Experimental drugs and medicines, even though a charge is made to the Plan Participant. This exclusion shall not apply to the extent that charges are for routine patient care associated with an approved clinical trial. (See "Clinical Trials" within the Covered Charges section of this Plan.)
- (7) **FDA.** Any drug not approved by the Food and Drug Administration.
- (8) Growth hormones. Charges for drugs to enhance physical growth or athletic performance or appearance, except when deemed Medically Necessary.
- (9) Immunization. Immunization a gents or biological sera except as specifically stated as a benefit under this Plan.
- (10) Impotence. A charge for sexual dysfunction medication, including impotence medications.
- (11) Infertility. A charge for infertility medication except as specifically stated as a Covered Charge under the Prescription Drug Benefits section.
- (12) Inpatient medication. A drug or medicine that is to be taken by the Plan Participant, in whole or in part, while Hospital confined. This includes being confined in any institution that has a facility for the dispensing of drugs and medicines on its premises.
- (13) Investigational. A drug or medicine labeled: "Caution limited by federal law to investigational use".
- (14) Medical exclusions. A charge excluded under Medical Plan Exclusions as determined by the authority of the Plan and Plan Fiduciary.
- (15) No charge. A charge for Prescription Drugs which may be properly received without charge under local, state or federal programs.
- (16) No prescription. A drug or medicine that can legally be bought without a written prescription. This does not apply to injectable insulin, insulin, diabetic supplies, or to over-the-counter (OTC) drugs, prescribed by a Physician and as specifically stated as a Covered Charge under the Prescription Drug Benefits section of this Plan.

(17) Refills. Any refill that is requested more than one year after the prescription was written or any refill that is more than the number of refills ordered by the Physician.

HOW TO SUBMIT PHARMACY CLAIMS

For prescription claims questions or to obtain a claim form please call:

SmithRx - toll-free (844) 454-5201 or access <u>www.mysmithrx.com</u>

Please submit prescription claim forms to:

SmithRx PO Box 994 Lehi, UT 84043

HOW TO SUBMIT A CLAIM

When services are received from a health care provider, a Plan Participant should show his or her **EBMS**/ Rocky Mountain College Health Plan identification card to the provider. Participating Providers may submit claims on a Plan Participant's behalf.

If it is necessary for a Plan Participant to submit a claim, he or she should request an itemized bill which includes procedure (CPT) and diagnostic (ICD) codes from his or her health care provider.

To assist the Claims Administrator in processing the claim, the following information must be provided when submitting the claim for processing:

- A copy of the itemized bill
- Group name and number (Rocky Mountain College Health Plan, Group #00645)
- Provider Billing Identification Number
- Employee's name and Identification Number
- Name of patient
- Name, address, telephone number of the provider of care
- Date of service(s)
- Place of service
- Amount billed

Note: A Plan Participant can obtain a claimform from the Claims Administrator. Claimforms are also available at http://www.ebms.com.

WHERE TO SUBMIT CLAIMS

Employee Benefit Management Services, LLC, is the Claims Administrator. Claims for expenses should be submitted to the Claims Administrator at the address below:

Employee Benefit Management Services, LLC P.O. Box 21367 Billings, Montana 59104 (406) 245-3575 or (800) 777-3575

WHEN CLAIMS SHOULD BE FILED

Claims should be received by the Claims Administrator within 365 days from the date charges for the services were incurred. Benefits are based on the Plan's provisions in effect at the time the charges were incurred. Claims received later than that date will be denied.

The Plan Participant must provide sufficient documentation (as determined by the Claims Administrator) to support a Claim for benefits. The Plan reserves the right to have a Plan Participant seek a second medical opinion.

INTERNAL AND EXTERNAL CLAIMS REVIEW PROCEDURES

A Claim means a request for a Plan benefit, made by a Claimant (Plan Participant or by an authorized representative of a Plan Participant that complies with the Plan's reasonable procedures for filing benefit Claims). A Claim does not include an inquiry on a Claimant's eligibility for benefits, or a request by a Claimant or his Physician for a prenotification of benefits on a medical treatment. Pre-notification of certain services is strongly recommended, but not required by the Plan. A pre-notification of services by CareLink is not a determination by the Plan that a Claim will be paid. A benefit determination on a Claim will be made only after the Claim has been submitted. A pre-notification is not required as a condition precedent to paying benefits, and cannot be appealed under this section. Please refer to the Care Management Services section.

A Claimant may appoint an authorized representative to act upon his or her behalf with respect to the Claim. Only those individuals who satisfy the Plan's requirements to be an authorized representative will be considered an

authorized representative. A healthcare provider is not an authorized representative simply by virtue of an assignment of benefits. Contact the Claims Administrator for information on the Plan's procedures for authorized representatives.

There are two types of claims:

Concurrent Care Determination

A **Concurrent Care Determination** is a reduction or termination of a previously approved course of treatment that is to be provided over a period of time or for a previously approved number of treatments. *If* Case Management is appropriate for a Plan Participant, Case Management is not considered a Concurrent Care Determination. Please refer to the Care Management Services section.

Post-Service Claim

A **Post-Service Claim** is a Claim for medical care, treatment, or services that a Claimant has already received.

All questions regarding Claims should be directed to the Claims Administrator. All Claims will be considered for payment according to the Plan's terms and conditions, limitations and exclusions, and industry standard guidelines in effect at the time charges were incurred. The Plan may, when appropriate or when required by law, consult with relevant health care professionals and access professional industry resources in making decisions about Claims involving specialized medical knowledge or judgment.

A Claim will not be deemed submitted until it is received by the Claims Administrator.

Initial Benefit Determination

The initial benefit determination on a Claim will be made within 30 days of the Claim Administrator's receipt of the Claim (or 15 days if the Claim is a Concurrent Care Determination). If additional information is necessary to process the Claim, the Claims Administrator will make a written request to the Claimant for the additional information within this initial period. The Claimant must submit the requested information within 45 days of receipt of the request from the Claims Administrator. **Failure to submit the requested information within the 45-day period may result in a denial of the Claim or a reduction in benefits**. If additional information is requested, the Plan's time period for making a determination is suspended until such time as the Claimant provides the information, or the end of the 45 day period, whichever occurs earlier. A benefit determination on the Claim will be made within 15 days of the Plan's receipt of the additional information.

Notice of Adverse Benefit Determination

If a Claim is denied in whole or in part, the Plan shall provide written or electronic notice of the determination that will include the following:

- (1) Information to identify the claim involved.
- (2) Specific reason(s) for the denial, including the denial code and its meaning.
- (3) Reference to the specific Plan provisions on which the denial was based.
- (4) Description of any additional information necessary for the Claimant to perfect the Claim and an explanation of why such information is necessary.
- (5) Description of the Plan's Internal Appeal Procedures and External Review Procedure and the applicable time limits. This will include a statement of the Claimant's right to bring a civil action once Claimant has exhausted all available internal and external review procedures.
- (6) Statement that the Claimant is entitled to receive, upon request and free of charge, reasonable access to, and copies of, all documents, records, and other information relevant to the Claim.

If applicable:

- (7) Any internal rule, guideline, protocol, or other similar criterion that was relied upon in making the determination on the Claim.
- (8) If the Adverse Benefit Determination is based on the Medical Necessity or Experimental or Investigational exclusion or similar such exclusion, an explanation of the scientific or clinical judgment for the determination applying the terms of the Plan to the Claim.
- (9) Identification of medical or vocational experts, whose advice was obtained on behalf of the Plan in connection with a Claim.

If the Claimant has questions about the denial, the Claimant may contact the Claims Administrator at the address or telephone number printed on the Notice of Determination.

An Adverse Benefit Determination also includes a rescission of coverage, which is a retroactive cancellation or discontinuance of coverage due to fraud or intentional misrepresentation. A rescission of coverage does not include a cancellation or discontinuance of coverage that takes effect prospectively, or is a retroactive cancellation or discontinuance because of the Plan participant's failure to timely pay required premiums.

Claims Review Procedure - General

A Claimant may appeal an Adverse Benefit Determination. The Plan offers a two-level internal review procedure and an external review procedure to provide the Claimant with a full and fair review of the Adverse Benefit Determination.

The Plan will provide for a review that does not give deference to the previous Adverse Benefit Determination and that is conducted by an individual who is neither the individual who made the determination on a prior level of review, nor a subordinate of that individual. Additionally, if an External Review is requested, that review will be conducted by an Independent Review Organization that was not involved in any of the prior determinations. In addition, the Plan Administrator may:

- Take into account all comments, documents, records and other information submitted by the Claimant related
 to the claim, without regard as to whether this information was submitted or considered in a prior level of
 review.
- Provide to the Claimant, free of charge, any new or additional information or rationale considered, relied upon or created by the Plan in connection with the Claim. This information or new rationale will be provided sufficiently in advance of the response deadline for the final Adverse Benefit Determination so that the Claimant has a reasonable amount of time to respond.
- Consult with an independent health care professional who has the appropriate training and experience in the applicable field of medicine related to the Claimant's Adverse Benefit Determination if that determination was based in whole or in part on medical judgment, including determinations on whether a treatment, drug, or other item is Experimental and/or Investigational, or not Medically Necessary. A health care professional is "independent" to the extent the health care professional was not consulted on a prior level of review or is a subordinate of a health care professional who was consulted on a prior level of review. The Plan may consult with vocational or other experts regarding the Initial Benefit Determination.

Internal Appeal Procedure

First Level of Internal Review

The written request for review must be submitted within 180 days of the Claimant's receipt of a Notice of the Initial Benefit Determination (or 15 days for an appeal of a Concurrent Care Determination). The Claimant should include in the appeal letter: his or her name, ID number, group health plan name, and a statement of why the Claimant disagrees with the Adverse Benefit Determination. The Claimant may include any additional supporting information, even if not initially submitted with the Claim. The appeal should be addressed to:

Plan Administrator c/o Employee Benefit Management Services, LLC (EBMS) P.O. Box 21367 Billings, Montana 59104 Attn: Claims Appeals

An appeal will not be deemed submitted until it is received by the Claims Administrator. The Claimant cannot proceed to the next level of internal or external review if the Claimant fails to submit a timely appeal.

The first level of review will be performed by the Claims Administrator on the Plan's behalf. The Claims Administrator will review the information initially received and any additional information provided by the Claimant, and determine if the Initial Benefit Determination was appropriate based upon the terms and conditions of the Plan and other relevant information. The Claims Administrator will send a written or electronic Notice of Determination to the Claimant within 30 days of the receipt of the appeal (or 15 days for an appeal of a Concurrent Care Determination). The Notice of Determination shall meet the requirements as stated above.

Second Level of Internal Review

If the Claimant does not a gree with the Claims Administrator's determination from the first Level of Internal Review, the Claimant may submit a second level appeal in writing within 60 days of the Claimant's receipt of the Notice of Determination from the First Level of Internal Review (or 15 days for an appeal of a Concurrent Care Determination), along with any additional supporting information to:

Plan Administrator c/o Employee Benefit Management Services, LLC (EBMS) P.O. Box 21367 Billings, Montana 59104 Attn: Claims Appeals

An appeal will not be deemed submitted until it is received by the Plan Administrator or the Claims Administrator on the Plan Administrator's behalf. The Claimant cannot proceed to an external review or file suit if the Claimant fails to submit a timely appeal.

The Second Level of Internal Review will be done by the Plan Administrator. The Plan Administrator will review the information initially received and any additional information provided by the Claimant, and make a determination on the appeal based upon the terms and conditions of the Plan and other relevant information. The Plan Administrator will send a written or electronic Notice of Determination for the second level of review to the Claimant within 30 days of receipt of the appeal (or 15 days for an appeal of a Concurrent Care Determination). The Notice of Determination shall meet the requirements as stated above.

If the Claimant is not satisfied with the outcome of the final determination on the Second Level of Internal Review, the Claimant may request an External Review. The claimant must exhaust both levels of the Internal Review Procedure before requesting an External Review, unless the Plan Administrator did not comply fully with the Plan's Internal Review Procedure for the first level of review.

External Review Procedure

This Plan has an External Review Procedure that provides for a review conducted by a qualified Independent Review Organization (IRO) that shall be assigned on a random basis.

A Claimant may, by written request made to the Plan within 4 months from the date of receipt of the notice of the final internal adverse benefit determination or the 1st of the fifth month following receipt of such notice, whichever occurs later, request a review by an IRO of a final Adverse Benefit Determination of a Claim, except where such request is limited by applicable law.

A request for external review may be granted only for Adverse Benefit Determinations that involve a:

- Determination that a treatment or service is not Medically Necessary.
- Determination that a treatment is Experimental or Investigational.
- Rescission of coverage, whether or not the rescission involved a Claim.
- Application of treatment limits to a Claim for a Mental Disorder.

For an Adverse Benefit Determination to be eligible for external review, the Claimant must complete the required forms to process an External Review. The Claimant may contact the Claims Administrator for additional information.

The Claimant will be notified in writing within 6 business days as to whether Claimant's request is eligible for external review and if additional information is necessary to process Claimant's request. If Claimant's request is determined ineligible for external review, notice will include the reasons for ineligibility and contact information for the appropriate oversight a gency. If additional information is required to process Claimant's request, Claimant may submit the additional information within the four month filing period, or 48 hours, whichever occurs later.

Claimant should receive written notice from the assigned IRO of Claimant's right to submit additional information to the IRO and the time periods and procedures to submit this additional information. The IRO will make a final determination and provide written notice to the Claimant and the Plan no later than 45 days from the date the IRO receives Claimant's request for External Review. The notice from the IRO should contain a discussion of its reason(s) and rationale for the decision, including any applicable evidence-based standards used, and references to evidence or documentation considered in reaching its decision.

The decision of the IRO is binding upon the Plan and the Claimant, except to the extent other remedies may be available under applicable law. Before filing a lawsuit, the Claimant must exhaust all available levels of review as described in this section, unless an exception under applicable law applies. A legal action to obtain benefits must be commenced within one year of the date of the Notice of Determination on the final level of internal or external review, whichever is applicable.

ASSIGNMENT OF BENEFITS

An assignment of benefits allows the patient to assign to the provider his/her right to receive payment for services and file a claim on his/her behalf. The providers then charge the Plan for payment directly, instead of submitting their bill to the patient and having the patient receive the money from the Plan. The provider must accept the assignment from the participant as consideration in full for the services and supplies rendered. The provider acknowledges the cap placed on eligible expenses and prefers to accept the maximum payable amount from the Plan, in lieu of billing the participant for their full charge amount. If the provider prefers to "balance bill" the participant for amounts in excess of the maximum payable amount, then the provider has refused to accept the assignment as consideration in full, and thereby limits its right to the rights of the participant. The assignment is void, the Plan may seek refund of any monies paid to the provider and the provider must bill the patient for the entire amount sought.

COORDINATION OF BENEFITS

Coordination of the benefit plans. The Plan's Coordination of Benefits provision sets forth rules for the order of payment of Covered Charges when two or more plans – including Medicare – are paying. The Plan has adopted the order of benefits as set forth in the National Association of Insurance Commissioners (NAIC) Model COB Regulations, as a mended. When a Covered Person is covered by this Plan and another plan, or the Covered Person's Spouse is covered by this Plan and by another plan, or the couple's covered children are covered under two or more plans the plans will coordinate benefits when a claim is received.

The plan that pays first according to the rules will pay as if there were no other plan involved. The secondary and subsequent plans will pay the balance due up to 100% of the total Allowable Charges. The Plan's benefits are in excess to other coverage sources.

Benefit plan. This provision will coordinate the medical and dental benefits of a benefit plan. The term benefit plan means this Plan or any one of the following plans:

- (1) Group or nongroup insurance contracts and subscriber contracts;
- (2) Uninsured arrangements of group or group-type coverage;
- (3) Group and nongroup coverage through closed panel plans;
- (4) Group-type contracts;
- (5) The medical components of long-term care contracts, such as skilled nursing care;
- (6) Medicare or other government benefits, as permitted by law. This does not include Medicaid, or a government plan that by law, provides benefits that are in excess of those of any private insurance plan or other non-governmental plan;
- (7) The medical benefits coverage in automobile "no-fault" and traditional automobile "fault" type contracts;
- (8) Any third-party source, including but not limited to, automobile or homeowners liability insurance, umbrella insurance and premises liability insurance, whether individual or commercial, or on an insured, uninsured, under-insured or self-insured basis.

The term benefit plan does not include hospital indemnity, accident only, specified disease, school accident or non-medical long-term care coverage.

Allowable Charge(s). For a charge to be allowable it must be a usual, customary, and reasonable charge and at least part of it must be covered under this Plan. (See "Allowable Charge" in the Defined Terms section.)

In the case of Health Maintenance Organization (HMO) or other in-network only plans: This Plan will not consider any charges in excess of what an HMO or network provider has agreed to accept as payment in full. Also, when an HMO or network plan is primary and the Covered Person does not use an HMO or network provider, this Plan will not consider as an Allowable Charge any charge that would have been covered by the HMO or network plan had the Covered Person used the services of an HMO or network provider.

In the case of service type plans where services are provided as benefits, the reasonable cash value of each service will be the Allowable Charge.

Automobile limitations. When any medical benefits coverage is available under vehicle insurance, the Plan shall pay excess benefits only, without reimbursement for vehicle plan deductibles.

Benefit plan payment order. When two or more plans provide benefits for the same Allowable Charge, benefit payment will follow these rules:

- (A) Plans that do not have a coordination provision, or one like it, will pay first. Plans with such a provision will be considered after those without one.
- (B) Plans with a coordination provision will pay their benefits up to the Allowable Charge. The first rule that describes which plan is primary is the rule that applies:
 - (1) The benefits of the plan which covers the person directly (that is, as an Employee, Retiree, or subscriber) ("Plan A") are determined before those of the plan which covers the person as a Dependent ("Plan B"). For Qualified Beneficiaries, coordination is determined based on the person's status prior to the Qualifying Event.
 - <u>Special rule</u>. If: (i) the person covered directly is a Medicare beneficiary, and (ii) Medicare is secondary to Plan B, and (iii) Medicare is primary to Plan A (for example, if the person is retired), THEN Plan B will pay first.
 - Unless there is a court decree stating otherwise for a Dependent child up to age 19, when a child is covered as a Dependent by more than one plan the order of benefits is determined as follows:

When a child is covered as a Dependent and the parents are married or living together, these rules will apply:

- The benefits of the benefit plan of the parent whose birthday falls earlier in a year are determined before those of the benefit plan of the parent whose birthday falls later in that year;
- If both parents have the same birthday, the benefits of the benefit plan which has covered the parent for the longer time are determined before those of the benefit plan which covers the other parent.

When a child's parents are divorced, legally separated or not living together, whether or not they have ever been married, these rules will apply:

- A court decree may state which parent is financially responsible for medical and dental benefits of the child. In this case, the benefit plan of that parent will be considered before other plans that cover the child as a Dependent. If the financially responsible parent has no health care coverage for the Dependent child, but that parent's spouse does, the plan of that parent's spouse is the primary plan. This rule applies beginning the first of the month after the plan is given notice of the court decree.
- A court decree may state both parents will be responsible for the Dependent child's health care expenses. In this case, the plans covering the child shall follow order of benefit determination rules outlined above when the parents are married or living together (as detailed above);
- If the specific terms of the court decree state that the parents shall share joint custody, without stating that one of the parents is responsible for the health care expenses of the child, the plans covering the child shall follow the order of benefit determination rules outlined above when a child is covered as a Dependent and the parents are married or living together.

If there is no court decree allocating responsibility for the Dependent child's health care expenses, the order of benefits are as follows:

- 1st The plan covering the custodial parent,
- 2nd The plan covering the spouse of the custodial parent,
- 3rd The plan covering the non-custodial parent, and
- 4th The plan covering the spouse of the non-custodial parent.

When a child is covered as a Dependent under more than one plan of individuals who are not the parents of the child, the order of benefits shall be determined as if those individuals were parents of the child.

Unless specifically stated otherwise, court order and custody provisions apply up to age 19 for any Dependent child.

For a Dependent child who has coverage under either or both parents' plans and also has his or her own coverage as a dependent under a spouse's plan, Rule (5) applies. If the Dependent child's coverage under the spouse's plan began on the same date as the Dependent child's coverage under either or both parents' plans, the birthday rule shall apply to the Dependent child's parents and the Dependent child's spouse.

- (3) The benefits of a benefit plan which covers a person as an Employee who is neither laid off nor retired or as a Dependent of an Employee who is neither laid off nor retired are determined before those of a plan which covers that person as a laid-off or Retired Employee. This rule does not apply if Rule (1) can be used to determine the order of benefits If the other benefit plan does not have this rule, and if, as a result, the plans do not agree on the order of benefits, this rule does not apply.
- (4) The benefits of a benefit plan which covers a person as an Employee who is neither laid off nor retired or a Dependent of an Employee who is neither laid off nor retired are determined before those of a plan which covers the person as a COBRA beneficiary. This rule does not apply if Rule (1) can be used to determine the order of benefits.
- (5) If there is still a conflict after these rules have been applied, the benefit plan which has covered the patient for the longer time will be considered first. When there is a conflict in coordination of benefit rules, the Plan will never pay more than 50% of Allowable Charges when paying secondary.
- (C) Medicare will pay primary, secondary or last to the extent stated in federal law.
- (D) If a Plan Participant is under a disability extension from a previous benefit plan, that benefit plan will pay first and this Plan will pay second.
- (E) The Plan will pay primary to Tricare to the extent required by federal law.

Claims determination period. Benefits will be coordinated on a Calendar Year or Plan Year basis, as shown in the Schedule of Benefits section. This is called the claims determination period.

Right to receive or release necessary information. To make this provision work, this Plan may give or obtain needed information from another insurer or any other organization or person. This information may be given or obtained without the consent of or notice to any other person. A Covered Person will give this Plan the information it asks for about other plans and their payment of Allowable Charges.

Facility of payment. This Plan may repay other plans for benefits paid that the Plan Administrator determines it should have paid. That repayment will count as a valid payment under this Plan.

Right of recovery. This Plan may pay benefits that should be paid by another benefit plan. In this case this Plan may recover the amount paid from the other benefit plan or the Covered Person. That repayment will count as a valid payment under the other benefit plan.

Further, this Plan may pay benefits that are later found to be greater than the Allowable Charge. In this case, this Plan may recover the amount of the overpayment from the source to which it was paid.

Exception to Medicaid. In accordance with ERISA, the Plan shall not take into consideration the fact that an individual is eligible for or is provided medical assistance through Medicaid when enrolling an individual in the Plan or making a determination about the payments for benefits received by a Covered Person under the Plan.

THIRD PARTY RECOVERY, SUBROGATION AND REIMBURSEMENT

PAYMENT CONDITION

The Plan, in its sole discretion, may elect to conditionally advance payment of benefits in those situations where an Injury, Sickness, disease or disability is caused in whole or in part by, or results from the acts or omissions of Covered Persons, and/or their Dependents, beneficiaries, estate, heirs, guardian, personal representative, or assigns (collectively referred to hereinafter in this section as "Covered Person(s)") or a third party, where any party besides the Plan may be responsible for expenses arising from an incident, and/or other funds are available, including but not limited to no-fault, uninsured motorist, underinsured motorist, medical payment provisions, third party assets, third party insurance, and/or guarantor(s) of a third party (collectively "Coverage").

Covered Person(s), his or her attorney, and/or legal guardian of a minor or incapacitated individual agrees that acceptance of the Plan's conditional payment of medical benefits is constructive notice of these provisions in their entirety and agrees to maintain 100% of the Plan's conditional payment of benefits or the full extent of payment from any one or combination of first and third party sources in trust, without disruption except for reimbursement to the Plan or the Plan's assignee. The Plan shall have an equitable lien on any funds received by the Covered Person(s) and/or their attorney from any source and said funds shall be held in trust until such time as the obligations under this provision are fully satisfied. The Covered Person(s) agrees to include the Plan's name as a co-payee on any and all settlement drafts. Further, by accepting benefits the Covered Person(s) understands that any recovery obtained pursuant to this section is an asset of the Plan to the extent of the amount of benefits paid by the Plan and that the Covered Person shall be a trustee over those Plan assets.

In the event a Covered Person(s) settles, recovers, or is reimbursed by any Coverage, the Covered Person(s) agrees to reimburse the Plan for all benefits paid or that will be paid by the Plan on behalf of the Covered Person(s). When such a recovery does not include payment for future treatment, the Plan's right to reimbursement extends to all benefits paid or that will be paid by the Plan on behalf of the Covered Person(s) for charges Incurred up to the date such Coverage or third party is fully released from liability, including any such charges not yet submitted to the Plan. If the Covered Person(s) fails to reimburse the Plan out of any judgment or settlement received, the Covered Person(s) will be responsible for any and all expenses (fees and costs) associated with the Plan's attempt to recover such money. Nothing herein shall be construed as prohibiting the Plan from claiming reimbursement for charges Incurred after the date of settlement if such recovery provides for consideration of future medical expenses.

If there is more than one party responsible for charges paid by the Plan, or may be responsible for charges paid by the Plan, the Plan will not be required to select a particular party from whom reimbursement is due. Furthermore, unallocated settlement funds meant to compensate multiple injured parties of which the Covered Person(s) is/are only one or a few, that unallocated settlement fund is considered designated as an "identifiable" fund from which the plan may seek reimbursement.

SUBROGATION

As a condition to participating in and receiving benefits under this Plan, the Covered Person(s) agrees to assign to the Plan the right to subrogate and pursue any and all claims, causes of action or rights that may arise against any person, corporation and/or entity and to any Coverage to which the Covered Person(s) is entitled, regardless of how classified or characterized, at the Plan's discretion, if the Covered Person(s) fails to so pursue said rights and/or action.

If a Covered Person(s) receives or becomes entitled to receive benefits, an automatic equitable lien attaches in favor of the Plan to any claim, which any Covered Person(s) may have against any Coverage and/or party causing the Sickness or Injury to the extent of such conditional payment by the Plan plus reasonable costs of collection. The Covered Person is obligated to notify the Plan or its authorized representative of any settle ment prior to finalization of the settlement, execution of a release, or receipt of applicable funds. The Covered Person is also obligated to hold any and all funds so received in trust on the Plan's behalf and function as a trustee as it applies to those funds until the Plan's rights described herein are honored and the Plan is reimbursed.

The Plan may, at its discretion, in its own name or in the name of the Covered Person(s) commence a proceeding or pursue a claim against any party or Coverage for the recovery of all damages to the full extent of the value of any such benefits or conditional payments advanced by the Plan.

If the Covered Person(s) fails to file a claim or pursue damages against:

- (1) The responsible party, its insurer, or any other source on behalf of that party.
- (2) Any first party insurance through medical payment coverage, personal injury protection, no-fault coverage, uninsured or underinsured motorist coverage.
- (3) Any policy of insurance from any insurance company or guarantor of a third party.
- (4) Workers' compensation or other liability insurance company.
- (5) Any other source, including but not limited to crime victim restitution funds, any medical, disability or other benefit payments, and school insurance coverage.

the Covered Person(s) authorizes the Plan to pursue, sue, compromise and/or settle any such claims in the Covered Person's/Covered Person's and/or the Plan's name and a grees to fully cooperate with the Plan in the prosecution of any such claims. The Covered Person(s) assigns all rights to the Plan or its assignee to pursue a claim and the recovery of all expenses from any and all sources listed above.

RIGHT OF REIMBURSEMENT

The Plan shall be entitled to recover 100% of the benefits paid or payable benefits Incurred, that have been paid and/or will be paid by the Plan, or were otherwise Incurred by the Covered Person(s) prior to and until the release from liability of the liable entity, as applicable, without deduction for attorneys' fees and costs or application of the common fund doctrine, made whole doctrine, or any other similar legal or equitable theory, and without regard to whether the Covered Person(s) is fully compensated by his or her recovery from all sources. The Plan shall have an equitable lien which supersedes all common law or statutory rules, doctrines, and laws of any State prohibiting assignment of rights which interferes with or compromises in any way the Plan's equitable lien and right to reimbursement. The obligation to reimburse the Plan in full exists regardless of how the judgment or settlement is classified and whether or not the judgment or settlement specifically designates the recovery or a portion of it as including medical, disability, or other expenses and extends until the date upon which the liable party is released from liability. If the Covered Person's/Covered Persons' recovery is less than the benefits paid, then the Plan is entitled to be paid all of the recovery achieved. Any funds received by the Covered Person are deemed held in constructive trust and should not be dissipated or disbursed until such time as the Covered Person's obligation to reimburse the Plan has been satisfied in accordance with these provisions. The Covered Person is also obligated to hold any and all funds so received in trust on the Plan's behalf and function as a trustee as it applies to those funds until the Plan's rights described herein are honored and the Plan is reimbursed.

No court costs, experts' fees, attorneys' fees, filing fees, or other costs or expenses of litigation may be deducted from the Plan's recovery without the prior, express written consent of the Plan.

The Plan's right of subrogation and reimbursement will not be reduced or affected as a result of any fault or claim on the part of the Covered Person(s), whether under the doctrines of causation, comparative fault or contributory negligence, or other similar doctrine in law. Accordingly, any lien reduction statutes, which attempt to apply such laws and reduce a subrogating Plan's recovery will not be applicable to the Plan and will not reduce the Plan's reimbursement rights.

These rights of subrogation and reimbursement shall apply without regard to whether any separate written acknowledgment of these rights is required by the Plan and signed by the Covered Person(s).

This provision shall not limit any other remedies of the Plan provided by law. These rights of subrogation and reimbursement shall apply without regard to the location of the event that led to or caused the applicable Sickness, Injury, disease or disability.

COVERED PERSON IS A TRUSTEE OVER PLAN ASSETS

Any Covered Person who receives benefits and is therefore subject to the terms of this section is hereby deemed a recipient and holder of Plan assets and is therefore deemed a trustee of the Plan solely as it relates to possession of any funds which may be owed to the Plan as a result of any settlement, judgment or recovery through any other means arising from any injury or accident. By virtue of this status, the Covered Person understands that he or she is required to:

- (1) Notify the Plan or its authorized representative of any settlement prior to finalization of the settlement, execution of a release, or receipt of applicable funds.
- (2) Instruct his or her attorney to ensure that the Plan and/or its authorized representative is included as a payee on all settlement drafts.

- (3) In circumstances where the Covered Person is not represented by an attorney, instruct the insurance company or any third party from whom the Covered Person obtains a settlement, judgment or other source of Coverage to include the Plan or its authorized representative as a payee on the settlement draft.
- (4) Hold any and all funds so received in trust, on the Plan's behalf, and function as a trustee as it applies to those funds, until the Plan's rights described herein are honored and the Plan is reimbursed.

To the extent the Covered Person disputes this obligation to the Plan under this section, the Covered Person or any of its agents or representatives is also required to hold any/all settlement funds, including the entire settlement if the settlement is less than the Plan's interests, and without reduction in consideration of attorneys' fees, for which he or she exercises control, in an account segregated from their general accounts or general assets until such time as the dispute is resolved.

No Covered Person, beneficiary, or the agents or representatives thereof, exercising control over plan assets and incurring trustee responsibility in accordance with this section will have any authority to accept any reduction of the Plan's interest on the Plan's behalf.

RELEASE OF LIABILITY

The Plan's right to reimbursement extends to any incident related care that is received by the Covered Person(s) (Incurred) prior to the liable party being released from liability. The Covered Person's/Covered Persons' obligation to reimburse the Plan is therefore tethered to the date upon which the claims were Incurred, not the date upon which the payment is made by the Plan. In the case of a settlement, the Covered Person has an obligation to review the "lien" provided by the Plan and reflecting claims paid by the Plan for which it seeks reimbursement, prior to settlement and/or executing a release of any liable or potentially liable third party, and is also obligated to advise the Plan of any incident related care Incurred prior to the proposed date of settlement and/or release, which is not listed but has been or will be Incurred, and for which the Plan will be asked to pay.

Excess Insurance

If at the time of Injury, Sickness, disease or disability there is available, or potentially available any Coverage (including but not limited to Coverage resulting from a judgment at law or settlements), the benefits under this Plan shall apply only as an excess over such other sources of Coverage, except as otherwise provided for under the Plan's Coordination of Benefits section.

The Plan's benefits shall be excess to any of the following:

- (1) The responsible party, its insurer, or any other source on behalf of that party.
- (2) Any first party insurance through medical payment coverage, personal injury protection, no-fault coverage, uninsured or underinsured motorist coverage.
- (3) Any policy of insurance from any insurance company or guarantor of a third party.
- (4) Workers' compensation or other liability insurance company.
- (5) Any other source, including but not limited to crime victim restitution funds, any medical, disability or other benefit payments, and school insurance coverage.

Separation of Funds

Benefits paid by the Plan, funds recovered by the Covered Person(s), and funds held in trust over which the Plan has an equitable lien exist separately from the property and estate of the Covered Person(s), such that the death of the Covered Person(s), or filing of bankruptcy by the Covered Person(s), will not affect the Plan's equitable lien, the funds over which the Plan has a lien, or the Plan's right to subrogation and reimbursement.

Wrongful Death

In the event that the Covered Person(s) dies as a result of his or her Injuries and a wrongful death or survivor claim is asserted against a third party or any Coverage, the Plan's subrogation and reimbursement rights shall still apply, and the entity pursuing said claim shall honor and enforce these Plan rights and terms by which benefits are paid on behalf of the Covered Person(s) and all others that benefit from such payment.

Obligations

It is the Covered Person's/Covered Persons' obligation at all times, both prior to and after payment of medical benefits by the Plan:

- (1) To cooperate with the Plan, or any representatives of the Plan, in protecting its rights, including discovery, attending depositions, and/or cooperating in trial to preserve the Plan's rights.
- (2) To provide the Plan with pertinent information regarding the Sickness, disease, disability, or Injury, including accident reports, settlement information and any other requested additional information.
- (3) To take such action and execute such documents as the Plan may require to facilitate enforcement of its subrogation and reimbursement rights.
- (4) To do nothing to prejudice the Plan's rights of subrogation and reimbursement.
- (5) To promptly reimburse the Plan when a recovery through settlement, judgment, a ward or other payment is received.
- (6) To notify the Plan or its authorized representative of any incident related claims or care which may be not identified within the lien (but has been Incurred) and/or reimbursement request submitted by or on behalf of the Plan.
- (7) To notify the Plan or its authorized representative of any settlement prior to finalization of the settlement.
- (8) To not settle or release, without the prior consent of the Plan, any claim to the extent that the Covered Person may have against any responsible party or Coverage.
- (9) To instruct his or her attorney to ensure that the Plan and/or its authorized representative is included as a payee on any settlement draft.
- (10) In circumstances where the Covered Person is not represented by an attorney, instruct the insurance company or any third party from whom the Covered Person obtains a settlement to include the Plan or its authorized representative as a payee on the settlement draft.
- (11) To make good faith efforts to prevent disbursement of settlement funds until such time as any dispute between the Plan and Covered Person over settlement funds is resolved.

If the Covered Person(s) and/or his or her attorney fails to reimburse the Plan for all benefits paid, to be paid, Incurred, or that will be Incurred, prior to the date of the release of liability from the relevant entity, as a result of said Injury or condition, out of any proceeds, judgment or settlement received, the Covered Person(s) will be responsible for any and all expenses (whether fees or costs) associated with the Plan's attempt to recover such money from the Covered Person(s).

The Plan's rights to reimbursement and/or subrogation are in no way dependent upon the Covered Person's/Covered Persons' cooperation or adherence to these terms.

Offset

If timely repayment is not made, or the Covered Person and/or his or her attorney fails to comply with any of the requirements of the Plan, the Plan has the right, in addition to any other lawful means of recovery, to deduct the value of the Covered Person's amount owed to the Plan. To do this, the Plan may refuse payment of any future medical benefits and any funds or payments due under this Plan on behalf of the Covered Person(s) in an amount equivalent to any outstanding amounts owed by the Covered Person to the Plan. This provision applies even if the Covered Person has disbursed settlement funds.

Minor Status

In the event the Covered Person(s) is a minor as that term is defined by applicable law, the minor's parents or court-appointed guardian shall cooperate in any and all actions by the Plan to seek and obtain requisite court approval to bind the minor and his or her estate insofar as these subrogation and reimbursement provisions are concerned.

If the minor's parents or court-appointed guardian fail to take such action, the Plan shall have no obligation to advance payment of medical benefits on behalf of the minor. Any court costs or legal fees associated with obtaining such approval shall be paid by the minor's parents or court-appointed guardian.

Language Interpretation

The Plan Administrator retains sole, full and final discretionary authority to construe and interpret the language of this provision, to determine all questions of fact and law arising under this provision, and to administer the Plan's subrogation and reimbursement rights with respect to this provision. The Plan Administrator may amend the Plan at any time without notice.

Severability

In the event that any section of this provision is considered invalid or illegal for any reason, said invalidity or illegality shall not affect the remaining sections of this provision and Plan. The section shall be fully severable. The Plan shall be construed and enforced as if such invalid or illegal sections had never been inserted in the Plan.

Defined Terms for this section:

Incurred. A Covered Charge is Incurred on the date the service is rendered or the supply is obtained. With respect to a course of treatment or procedure which includes several steps or phases of treatment, Covered Charges are Incurred for the various steps or phases as the services related to each step are rendered and not when services relating to the initial step or phase are rendered. More specifically, Covered Charges for the entire procedure or course of treatment are not Incurred upon commencement of the stage of the procedure or course of treatment.

COBRA CONTINUATION COVERAGE

Introduction

The right to COBRA Continuation Coverage was created by a federal law, the Consolidated Omnibus Budget Reconciliation Act of 1985, as amended ("COBRA"). COBRA Continuation Coverage can become available to you and other members of your family when group health coverage would otherwise end. You should check with your Employer to see if COBRA applies to you and your Dependents.

You may have other options available to you when you lose group health coverage. For example, you may be eligible to buy an individual plan through the Health Insurance Marketplace. By enrolling in coverage through the Marketplace, you may qualify for lower costs on your monthly premiums and lower out-of-pocket costs. Additionally, you may qualify for a 30-day special enrollment period for another group health plan for which you are eligible (such as a spouse's plan), even if that plan generally doesn't accept late enrollees.

What is COBRA Continuation Coverage?

"COBRA Continuation Coverage" is a continuation of Plan coverage when coverage otherwise would end because of a life event known as a "Qualifying Event." After a Qualifying Event, COBRA Continuation Coverage must be offered to each person who is a "Qualified Beneficiary." You, your Spouse, and your Dependent children could become Qualified Beneficiaries if coverage under the Plan is lost because of the Qualifying Event. Under the Plan, Qualified Beneficiaries who elect COBRA Continuation Coverage must pay for COBRA Continuation Coverage. Life insurance, Accidental death and dismemberment benefits and weekly income or long-term disability benefits (if a part of your Employer's plan) are not considered for continuation under COBRA.

Domestic Partners and Dependent children of a covered Employee's Domestic Partner, who otherwise satisfy the Eligibility requirements set forth in the Eligibility provision and are covered under this Plan, will also be offered the opportunity to make an independent election to receive COBRA Continuation Coverage. All references to Spouse will also be applicable to a Domestic Partner, unless otherwise indicated.

If you are a covered Employee, you will become a Qualified Beneficiary if you lose your coverage under the Plan due to one of the following Qualifying Events:

- Your hours of employment are reduced; or
- Your employment ends for any reason other than your gross misconduct.

If you are the Spouse of a covered Employee, you will become a Qualified Beneficiary if you lose your coverage under the Plan due to one of the following Qualifying Events:

- Your Spouse dies;
- Your Spouse's hours of employmentare reduced;
- Your Spouse's employment ends for any reason other than his or her gross misconduct;
- Your Spouse becomes entitled to Medicare benefits (under Part A, Part B, or both); or
- You become divorced or legally separated from your Spouse.

Note: Medicare entitlement means that you are eligible for and enrolled in Medicare.

Your Dependent children will become Qualified Beneficiaries if they lose coverage under the Plan due to one of the following Qualifying Events:

- The parent covered Employee dies;
- The parent covered Employee's hours of employment are reduced;
- The parent covered Employee's employment ends for any reason other than his or her gross misconduct;
- The parent covered Employee becomes entitled to Medicare benefits (Part A, Part B, or both);
- The parents become divorced or legally separated; or
- The child is no longer eligible for coverage under the plan as a "Dependent child."

If this Plan provides retiree health coverage, sometimes, filing a proceeding in bankruptcy under Title 11 of the United States Code can be a Qualifying Event. If a proceeding in bankruptcy is filed with respect to the Employer, and that bankruptcy results in the loss of coverage of any retired Employee covered under the Plan, the retired Employee will become a Qualified Beneficiary with respect to the bankruptcy. The retired Employee's Spouse, surviving Spouse, and Dependent children also will become Qualified Beneficiaries if bankruptcy results in the loss of their coverage under the Plan.

When is COBRA Continuation Coverage available?

The Plan will offer COBRA Continuation Coverage to Qualified Beneficiaries only after the Plan Administrator has been notified that a Qualifying Event has occurred. When the Qualifying Event is the end of employment, reduction of hours of employment, death of the covered Employee, commencement of proceeding in bankruptcy with respect to the Employer, or the covered Employee's becoming entitled to Medicare benefits (under Part A, Part B, or both), the Plan Administrator must be notified of the Qualifying Event.

For all other qualifying events (divorce or legal separation of the Employee and Spouse or a Dependent child's losing eligibility for coverage as a Dependent child), you must notify the Plan Administrator within 60 days after the Qualifying Event occurs. You must provide this notice in writing to:

Plan Administrator

Rocky Mountain College 1511 Poly Drive Billings, Montana 59102 (406) 657-1000

Notice must be postmarked, if mailed, or dated, if emailed or hand-delivered on or before the $60^{\rm th}$ day following the Qualifying Event.

How is COBRA Continuation Coverage provided?

Once the Plan Administrator receives notice that a Qualifying Event has occurred, COBRA Continuation Coverage will be offered to each of the Qualified Beneficiaries. Each Qualified Beneficiary will have an independent right to elect COBRA Continuation Coverage. Covered Employees may elect COBRA Continuation Coverage on behalf of their Spouses, and parents may elect COBRA Continuation Coverage on behalf of their Dependent children.

In the event that the COBRA Administrator determines that the individual is not entitled to COBRA Continuation Coverage, the COBRA Administrator will provide to the individual an explanation as to why he or she is not entitled to COBRA Continuation Coverage.

How long does COBRA Continuation Coverage last?

COBRA Continuation Coverage is a temporary continuation of coverage that generally last for 18 months due to the employment termination or reduction of hours of work. Certain Qualifying Events, or a second Qualifying Event during the initial period of coverage, may permit a Qualified Beneficiary to receive a maximum of 36 months of coverage.

There are also ways in which this 18-month period of COBRA Continuation Coverage can be extended, discussed below.

If the Qualifying Event is the death of the covered Employee (or former Employee), the covered Employee's (or former Employee's) becoming entitled to Medicare benefits (under Part A, Part B, or both), your divorce or legal separation, or a Dependent child's losing eligibility as a Dependent child, COBRA Continuation Coverage can last for up to a total of 36 months.

Medicare extension of COBRA Continuation Coverage

If you (as the covered Employee) become entitled to Medicare benefits, your Spouse and Dependents may be entitled to an extension of the 18 month period of COBRA Continuation Coverage.

If you first become entitled to Medicare benefits, and later experience a termination or employment or a reduction of hours, then the maximum coverage period for Qualified Beneficiaries other than you ends on the later of (i) 36 months after the date you became entitled to Medicare benefits, and (ii) 18 months (or 29 months if there is a disability extension) after the date of the termination or reduction of hours. For example, if you become entitled to Medicare 8 months before the date on which your employment terminates, COBRA Continuation Coverage for your Spouse and Dependent children can last up to 36 months after the date of your Medicare entitlement.

If the first Qualifying Event is your termination of employment or a reduction of hours of employment, and you then became entitled to Medicare benefits less than 18 months after the first Qualifying Event, Qualified Beneficiaries other than you are not entitled to an extension of the 18 month period.

Disability extension of 18-month period of COBRA Continuation Coverage

If you or anyone in your family covered under the Plan is determined by the Social Security Administration (SSA) to be disabled and you notify the Plan Administrator as set forth herein, you and your entire family may be entitled to receive up to an additional 11 months of COBRA Continuation Coverage, for a total maximum of 29 months. The disability would have to have started at some time before the 60th day of COBRA Continuation Coverage and must last at least until the end of the 18-month period of COBRA Continuation Coverage. An extra fee will be charged for this extended COBRA Continuation Coverage.

Notice of the disability determination must be provided in writing to the Plan Administrator by the date that is 60 days after the latest of:

- The date of the disability determination by the SSA;
- The date on which a Qualifying Event occurs;
- The date on which the Qualified Beneficiary loses (or would lose) coverage under the Plan as a result of the Qualifying Event; or
- The date on which the Qualified Beneficiary is informed, through the furnishing of the Plan's Summary Plan Description of both the responsibility to provide the notice and the Plan's procedures for providing such notice to the Plan Administrator.

In any event, this notice must be furnished before the end of the first 18 months of Continuation Coverage.

The notice must include the name of the Qualified Beneficiary determined to be disabled by the SSA and the date of the determination. A copy of SSA's Notice of Award Letter must be provided within 30 days after the deadline to provide the notice.

You must provide this notice to:

Plan Administrator Rocky Mountain College 1511 Poly Drive Billings, Montana 59102 (406) 657-1000

Second Qualifying Event extension of 18-month period of COBRA Continuation Coverage

If your family experiences another Qualifying Event while receiving 18 months of COBRA Continuation Coverage, the Spouse and Dependent children in your family can get up to 18 additional months of COBRA Continuation Coverage, for a maximum of 36 months, if the Plan Administrator is properly notified about the second Qualifying Event. This extension may be available to the Spouse and any Dependent children receiving COBRA Continuation Coverage if the covered Employee or former Employee dies, becomes entitled to Medicare benefits (under Part A,

Part B, or both), or gets divorced or legally separated, or if the Dependent child stops being eligible under the Plan as a Dependent child. This extension is only available if the second Qualifying Event would have caused the Spouse or Dependent child to lose coverage under the Plan had the first Qualifying Event not occurred.

Notice of a second Qualifying Event must be provided in writing to the Plan Administrator by the date that is 60 days after the latest of:

- The date on which the relevant Qualifying Event occurs;
- The date on which the Qualified Beneficiary loses (or would lose) coverage under the Plan as a result of the Qualifying Event; or
- The date on which the Qualifying Beneficiary is informed, through the furnishing of the Plan's Summary Plan Description, of both the responsibility to provide the notice and the Plan's procedures for providing such notice to the Plan Administrator.

The notice must include the name of the Qualified Beneficiary experiencing the second Qualifying Event, a description of the event and the date of the event. If the extension of coverage is due to a divorce or legal separation, a copy of the decree of divorce or legal separation must be provided within 30 days after the deadline to provide the notice.

You must provide this notice to:

Plan Administrator Rocky Mountain College 1511 Poly Drive

Billings, Montana 59102 (406) 657-1000

<u>Does COBRA Continuation Coverage ever end earlier than the maximum periods above?</u>

COBRA Continuation Coverage also may end before the end of the maximum period on the earliest of the following dates:

- The date your Employer ceases to provide a group health plan to any Employee;
- The date on which coverage ceases by reason of the Qualified Beneficiary's failure to make timely payment of any required premium;
- The date that the Qualified Beneficiary first becomes, after the date of election, covered under any other group health plan (as an Employee or otherwise), or entitled to either Medicare Part A or Part B (whichever comes first), except as stated under COBRA's special bankruptcy rules;
- The first day of the month that begins more than 30 days after the date of the SSA's determination that the Qualified Beneficiary is no longer disabled, but in no event before the end of the maximum coverage period that applied without taking into consideration the disability extension; or
- On the same basis that the Plan can terminate for cause the coverage of a similarly situated non-COBRA participant.

How Do I Pay for COBRA Continuation Coverage?

Once COBRA Continuation Coverage is elected, you must pay for the cost of the initial period of coverage within 45 days. Payments are then due on the first day of each month to continue coverage for that month. If a payment is not received and/or post-marked within 30 days of the due date, COBRA Continuation Coverage will be canceled and will not be reinstated.

Are There Other Coverage Options Besides COBRA Continuation Coverage?

Yes. Instead of enrolling in COBRA Continuation Coverage, there may be other coverage options for you and your family through the Health Insurance Marketplace, Medicaid, or other group health plan coverage options (such as a spouse's plan) through what is called a "special enrollment period." Some of these options may cost less than COBRA Continuation Coverage. You can learn more about many of these options at www.healthcare.gov.

Additional Information

Additional information about the Plan and COBRA Continuation Coverage is available from the Plan Administrator or the COBRA Administrator:

Plan Administrator

Rocky Mountain College 1511 Poly Drive Billings, Montana 59102 (406) 657-1000 **COBRA Administrator**

Employee Benefit Management Services, LLC P.O. Box 21367 Billings, Montana 59104 (800) 777-3575 or (406) 245-3575

For more information about your rights under the Employee Retirement Income Security Act (ERISA), including COBRA, the Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act, and other laws affecting group health plans, contact the nearest Regional or District Office of the U.S. Department of Labor's Employee Benefits Security Administration (EBSA) in your area or visit www.dol.gov/agencies/ebsa. (Addresses and phone numbers of Regional and District EBSA Offices are available through EBSA's website). For more information about the Marketplace, visit www.healthcare.gov.

Current Addresses

To protect your family's rights, let the Plan Administrator (who is identified above) know about any changes in the addresses of family members. You should also keep a copy, for your records, of any notices you send to the Plan Administrator.

RESPONSIBILITIES FOR PLAN ADMINISTRATION

PLAN ADMINISTRATOR. Rocky Mountain College Health Plan is the benefit plan of Rocky Mountain College, the Plan Administrator, also called the Plan Sponsor. It is to be administered by the Plan Administrator in accordance with the provisions of ERISA. An individual or committee may be appointed by Rocky Mountain College to be Plan Administrator and serve at the convenience of the Employer. If the Plan Administrator or a committee member resigns, dies or is otherwise removed from the position, Rocky Mountain College shall appoint a new Plan Administrator as soon as reasonably possible.

The Plan Administrator has the authority to, and does so allocate limited fiduciary duties to American Health Holdings, Inc. Those duties are limited to a review of and determination on a Plan Participant's request (or a request by the Plan Participant's treating provider) for a pre-determination of benefits prior to the occurrence of treatment or services. As part of those limited duties, American Health Holdings shall have the discretionary authority and ultimate decision-making authority to review the request and any submitted documentation, make a decision, respond to an appeal if the decision is to deny the request, and to maintain records related to its activities related to this decision. See the Care Management Services Section for additional information.

The Plan Administrator shall administer this Plan in accordance with its terms and establish its policies, interpretations, practices, and procedures. It is the express intent of this Plan that the Plan Administrator shall have maximum legal discretionary authority to construe and interpret the terms and provisions of the Plan, to make determinations regarding issues which relate to eligibility for benefits, to decide disputes which may arise relative to a Plan Participant's rights, and to decide questions of Plan interpretation and those of fact relating to the Plan. The decisions of the Plan Administrator will be final and binding on all interested parties.

Service of legal process may be made upon the Plan Administrator.

DUTIES OF THE PLAN ADMINISTRATOR.

- (1) To administer the Plan in accordance with its terms.
- (2) To interpret the Plan, including the right to remedy possible ambiguities, inconsistencies or omissions.
- (3) To decide disputes which may arise relative to a Plan Participant's rights.
- (4) To prescribe procedures for filing a claim for benefits and to review claim denials.
- (5) To keep and maintain the Plan documents and all other records pertaining to the Plan.
- (6) To appoint a Claims Administrator to pay claims.
- (7) To perform all necessary reporting as required by ERISA.
- (8) To establish and communicate procedures to determine whether a medical child support order is qualified under ERISA Sec. 609.
- (9) To delegate to any person or entity such powers, duties and responsibilities as it deems appropriate.

PLAN ADMINISTRATOR COMPENSATION. The Plan Administrator serves **without** compensation; however, all expenses for plan administration, including compensation for hired services, will be paid by the Plan.

FIDUCIARY. A fiduciary exercises discretionary authority or control over management of the Plan or the disposition of its assets, renders investment advice to the Plan or has discretionary authority or responsibility in the administration of the Plan.

FIDUCIARY DUTIES. A fiduciary must carry out his or her duties and responsibilities for the purpose of providing benefits to the Employees and their Dependent(s), and defraying reasonable expenses of administering the Plan. These are duties which must be carried out:

- (1) with care, skill, prudence and diligence under the given circumstances that a prudent person, acting in a like capacity and familiar with such matters, would use in a similar situation;
- by diversifying the investments of the Plan so as to minimize the risk of large losses, unless under the circumstances it is clearly prudent not to do so; and
- in accordance with the Plan documents to the extent that they agree with ERISA.

THE NAMED FIDUCIARY. A "named fiduciary" is the one named in the Plan. A named fiduciary can appoint others to carry out fiduciary responsibilities (other than as a trustee) under the Plan. These other persons become fiduciaries themselves and are responsible for their acts under the Plan. To the extent that the named fiduciary allocates its responsibility to other persons, the named fiduciary shall not be liable for any act or omission of such person unless either:

- the named fiduciary has violated its stated duties under ERISA in appointing the fiduciary, establishing the procedures to appoint the fiduciary or continuing either the appointment or the procedures; or
- (2) the named fiduciary breached its fiduciary responsibility under Section 405(a) of ERISA.

CLAIMS ADMINISTRATOR IS NOT A FIDUCIARY. A Claims Administrator is **not** a fiduciary under the Plan by virtue of paying claims in accordance with the Plan's rules as established by the Plan Administrator.

FUNDING THE PLAN AND PAYMENT OF BENEFITS

The cost of the Plan is funded as follows:

For Employee and Dependent Coverage: Funding is derived from the funds of the Employer and contributions made by the covered Employees.

The level of any Employee contributions will be set by the Plan Administrator. These Employee contributions will be used in funding the cost of the Plan as soon as practicable after they have been received from the Employee or withheld from the Employee's pay through payroll deduction.

Benefits are paid directly from the Plan through the Claims Administrator.

PLAN IS NOT AN EMPLOYMENT CONTRACT

The Plan is not to be construed as a contract for or of employment.

CLERICAL ERROR

Any clerical error by the Plan Administrator or an agent of the Plan Administrator in keeping pertinent records or a delay in making any changes will not invalidate coverage otherwise validly in force or continue coverage validly terminated. An equitable adjustment of contributions will be made when the error or delay is discovered.

If an overpayment occurs in a Plan reimbursement amount, the Plan retains a contractual right to the overpayment. The person or institution receiving the overpayment will be required to return the incorrect amount of money. In the case of a Plan Participant, the amount of overpayment may be deducted from future benefits payable.

AMENDING AND TERMINATING THE PLAN

If the Plan is terminated, the rights of the Plan Participants are limited to expenses incurred before termination.

The Employer reserves the right, at any time, to amend, suspend or terminate the Plan in whole or in part. This includes amending the benefits under the Plan or the Trust agreement (if any).

DISTRIBUTION OF ASSETS

Subject to the requirements of ERISA §402, in the event of a termination or partial termination of the Plan or Trust (if applicable), Rocky Mountain College, by action of its Board of Directors or an authorized committee thereof, shall direct the disposition of Plan assets, including assets held in a Trust, if any, which may include transfer of such assets to another employee benefit plan or trust maintained by an Employer.

STANDARDS FOR PRIVACY OF INDIVIDUALLY IDENTIFIABLE HEALTH INFORMATION (THE "PRIVACY STANDARDS") ISSUED PURSUANT TO THE HEALTH INSURANCE PORTABILITY AND ACCOUNTABILITY ACT OF 1996, AS AMENDED (HIPAA)

Disclosure of Summary Health Information to the Plan Sponsor

In a ccordance with the Privacy Standards, the Plan may disclose Summary Health Information to the Plan Sponsor, if the Plan Sponsor requests the Summary Health Information for the purpose of (a) obtaining premium bids from health plans for providing health insurance coverage under this Plan or (b) modifying, amending or terminating the Plan.

"Summary Health Information" may be individually identifiable health information and it summarizes the claims history, claims expenses or the type of claims experienced by individuals in the plan, but it excludes all identifiers that must be removed for the information to be de-identified, except that it may contain geographic information to the extent that it is a ggregated by five-digit zip code.

Disclosure of Protected Health Information (PHI) to the Plan Sponsor for Plan Administration Purposes

"Protected Health Information" (PHI) means individually identifiable health information, created or received by a health care provider, health plan, employer, or health care clearinghouse; and relates to the past, present, or future physical or mental health condition of an individual; the provision of health care to an individual; or the past, present, or future payment for the provision of health care to an individual; and is transmitted or maintained in any form or medium.

In order that the Plan Sponsor may receive and use PHI for Plan Administration purposes, the Plan Sponsor a grees to:

- (1) Not use or further disclose PHI other than as permitted or required by the Plan Documents or as Required by Law (as defined in the Privacy Standards);
- Ensure that any agents, including a subcontractor, to whom the Plan Sponsor provides PHI received from the Plan agree to the same restrictions and conditions that apply to the Plan Sponsor with respect to such PHI;
- (3) Not use or disclose PHI for employment-related actions and decisions or in connection with any other benefit or employee benefit plan of the Plan Sponsor, except pursuant to an authorization which meets the requirements of the Privacy Standards;
- (4) Report to the Plan any PHI use or disclosure that is inconsistent with the uses or disclosures provided for of which the Plan Sponsor becomes a ware;
- (5) Make a vailable PHI in accordance with Section 164.524 of the Privacy Standards (45 CFR 164.524);
- Make a vailable PHI for a mendment and incorporate any amendments to PHI in accordance with Section 164.526 of the Privacy Standards (45 CFR 164.526);
- (7) Make a vailable the information required to provide an accounting of disclosures in accordance with Section 164.528 of the Privacy Standards (45 CFR 164.528);
- (8) Make its internal practices, books and records relating to the use and disclosure of PHI received from the Plan available to the Secretary of the U.S. Department of Health and Human Services ("HHS"), or any other officer or employee of HHS to whom the authority involved has been delegated, for purposes of determining compliance by the Plan with Part 164, Subpart E, of the Privacy Standards (45 CFR 164.500 et seq);

- (9) If feasible, return or destroy all PHI received from the Plan that the Plan Sponsor still maintains in any form and retain no copies of such PHI when no longer needed for the purpose for which disclosure was made, except that, if such return or destruction is not feasible, limit further uses and disclosures to those purposes that make the return or destruction of the PHI infeasible; and
- (10) Ensure that adequate separation between the Plan and the Plan Sponsor, as required in Section 164.504(f)(2)(iii) of the Privacy Standards (45 CFR 164.504(f)(2)(iii)), is established as follows:
 - (a) The following employees, or classes of employees, or other persons under control of the Plan Sponsor, shall be given access to the PHI to be disclosed:
 - Director of Human Resources
 - CFO
 - Director of Accounting/Tax Manager
 - HRA P&BC
 - (b) The access to and use of PHI by the individuals described in subsection (a) above shall be restricted to the Plan Administration functions that the Plan Sponsor performs for the Plan.
 - (c) In the event any of the individuals described in subsection (a) above do not comply with the provisions of the Plan Documents relating to use and disclosure of PHI, the Plan Administrator shall impose reasonable sanctions as necessary, in its discretion, to ensure that no further non-compliance occurs. Such sanctions shall be imposed progressively (for example, an oral warning, a written warning, time off without pay and termination), if appropriate, and shall be imposed so that they are commensurate with the severity of the violation.

"Plan Administration" activities are limited to activities that would meet the definition of payment or health care operations, but do not include functions to modify, a mend or terminate the Plan or solicit bids from prospective issuers. "Plan Administration" functions include quality a ssurance, claims processing, auditing, monitoring and management of carve-out plans, such as vision and dental. It does not include any employment-related functions or functions in connection with any other benefit or benefit plans.

The Plan shall disclose PHI to the Plan Sponsor only upon receipt of a certification by the Plan Sponsor that (a) the Plan Documents have been amended to incorporate the above provisions and (b) the Plan Sponsor agrees to comply with such provisions.

Disclosure of Certain Enrollment Information to the Plan Sponsor

Pursuant to Section 164.504(f)(1)(iii) of the Privacy Standards (45 CFR 164.504(f)(1)(iii)), the Plan may disclose to the Plan Sponsor information on whether an individual is participating in the Plan or is enrolled in or has disenrolled from a health insurance issuer or health maintenance organization offered by the Plan to the Plan Sponsor.

Disclosure of PHI to Obtain Stop-loss or Excess Loss Coverage

The Plan Sponsor hereby authorizes and directs the Plan, through the Plan Administrator or the Claims Administrator, to disclose PHI to stop-loss carriers, excess loss carriers or managing general underwriters (MGUs) for underwriting and other purposes in order to obtain and maintain stop-loss or excess loss coverage related to benefit claims under the Plan. Such disclosures shall be made in accordance with the Privacy Standards and any applicable Business Associate Agreement(s).

Other Disclosures and Uses of PHI

With respect to all other uses and disclosures of PHI, the Plan shall comply with the Privacy Standards.

STANDARDS FOR SECURITY OF ELECTRONIC PROTECTED HEALTH INFORMATION (THE "SECURITY STANDARDS") ISSUED PURSUANT TO THE HEALTH INSURANCE PORTABILITY AND ACCOUNTABILITY ACT OF 1996, AS AMENDED (HIPAA)

Disclosure of Electronic Protected Health Information ("Electronic PHI") to the Plan Sponsor for Plan Administration Functions

To enable the Plan Sponsor to receive and use Electronic PHI for Plan Administration Functions (as defined in 45 CFR § 164.504(a)), the Plan Sponsor a grees to:

- (a) Implement administrative, physical, and technical safeguards that reasonably and appropriately protect the confidentiality, integrity, and availability of the Electronic PHI that it creates, receives, maintains, or transmits on behalf of the Plan;
- (b) Ensure that adequate separation between the Plan and the Plan Sponsor, as required in 45 CFR § 164.504(f)(2)(iii), is supported by reasonable and appropriate security measures.
- (c) Ensure that any agent, including a subcontractor, to whom the Plan Sponsor provides Electronic PHI created, received, maintained, or transmitted on behalf of the Plan, agrees to implement reasonable and appropriate security measures to protect the Electronic PHI; and
- (d) Report to the Plan any security incident of which it becomes aware.

CERTAIN PLAN PARTICIPANTS RIGHTS UNDER ERISA

Plan Participants in this Plan are entitled to certain rights and protections under the Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974 (ERISA). ERISA specifies that all Plan Participants shall be entitled to:

Examine, without charge, at the Plan Administrator's office, all Plan documents and copies of all documents governing the Plan, including a copy of the latest annual report (form 5500 series) filed by the Plan with the U.S. Department of Labor and available at the Public Disclosure Room of the Employee Benefits Security Administration.

Obtain copies of all Plan documents and other Plan information upon written request to the Plan Administrator. The Plan Administrator may make a reasonable charge for the copies.

Continue health care coverage for a Plan Participant, Spouse, or other dependents if there is a loss of coverage under the Plan as a result of a Qualifying Event. Employees or dependents may have to pay for such coverage.

Review this summary plan description and the documents governing the Plan or the rules governing COBRA Continuation Coverage rights.

If a Plan Participant's claim for a benefit is denied or ignored, in whole or in part, the participant has a right to know why this was done, to obtain copies of documents relating to the decision without charge, and to appeal any denial, all within certain time schedules.

Under ERISA, there are steps a Plan Participant can take to enforce the above rights. For instance, if a Plan Participant requests a copy of Plan documents or the latest annual report from the Plan and does not receive them within 30 days, he or she may file suit in a federal court. In such a case, the court may require the Plan Administrator to provide the materials and to pay the Plan Participant up to \$110 a day until he or she receives the materials, unless the materials were not sent because of reasons beyond the control of the Plan Administrator. If the Plan Participant has a claim for benefits which is denied or ignored, in whole or in part, the participant may file suit in state or federal court.

In addition, if a Plan Participant disagrees with the Plan's decision or lack thereof concerning the qualified status of a medical child support order, he or she may file suit in federal court.

In addition to creating rights for Plan Participants, ERISA imposes obligations upon the individuals who are responsible for the operation of the Plan. The individuals who operate the Plan, called "fiduciaries" of the Plan, have a duty to do so prudently and in the interest of the Plan Participants and their beneficiaries. No one, including the Employer or any other person, may fire a Plan Participant or otherwise discriminate against a Plan Participant in any way to prevent the Plan Participant from obtaining benefits under the Plan or from exercising his or her rights under ERISA.

If it should happen that the Plan fiduciaries misuse the Plan's money, or if a Plan Participant is discriminated against for asserting his or her rights, he or she may seek assistance from the U.S. Department of Labor, or may file suit in a federal court. The court will decide who should pay court costs and legal fees. If the Plan Participant is successful, the court may order the person sued to pay these costs and fees. If the Plan Participant loses, the court may order him or her to pay these costs and fees, for example, if it finds the claim or suit to be frivolous.

If the Plan Participant has any questions about the Plan, he or she should contact the Plan Administrator. If the Plan Participant has any questions about this statement or his or her rights under ERISA, including COBRA or the Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act (HIPAA), and other laws affecting group health plans, that Plan Participant should contact either the nearest Regional or District Office of the U.S. Department of Labor's Employee Benefits Security Administration (EBSA) or visit the EBSA website at www.dol.gov/agencies/ebsa/. (Addresses and phone numbers of Regional and District EBSA Offices are available through EBSA's website.)

GENERAL PLAN INFORMATION

TYPE OF ADMINISTRATION

The Plan is a self-funded group health Plan and the administration is provided through a Third Party Claims Administrator. The funding for the benefits is derived from the funds of the Employer and contributions made by covered Employees. The Plan is not insured.

PLAN NAME

Rocky Mountain College Health Plan

PLAN NUMBER: 501

TAX ID NUMBER: 81-0235407

PLAN EFFECTIVE DATE: July 1, 2017

PLAN YEAR ENDS: June 30

EMPLOYER INFORMATION

Rocky Mountain College 1511 Poly Drive Billings, Montana 59102 (406) 657-1000

PLAN ADMINISTRATOR

Rocky Mountain College 1511 Poly Drive Billings, Montana 59102 (406) 657-1000

NAMED FIDUCIARY

Rocky Mountain College 1511 Poly Drive Billings, Montana 59102

AGENT FOR SERVICE OF LEGAL PROCESS

Rocky Mountain College 1511 Poly Drive Billings, Montana 59102

Service of process may also be made on the Plan Administrator.

CLAIMS ADMINISTRATOR

Employee Benefit Management Services, LLC P.O. Box 21367 Billings, Montana 59104 (800) 777-3575 or (406) 245-3575

Plan Name:	Rocky Mountain College Health Plan	
Plan Option:	High Deductible Health Plan	
Effective Date:	July 1, 2017	
Restatement Date :	July 1, 2021	
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I,Name	, certify that I am the	Title
Document/Summary Pla	or for the above named Plan, and further certifn Description. I have read and agree with the tentation of the restated Plan as of the restatement	erms described herein and am hereby
Signature:		
Print Name:		
Date:		